The Bedford Gazette.

BY MEYERS & MENGEL. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 1, 1867. VOL. 61.—WHOLE No. 5,382.

Legal Notices.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF BEDFORD COUNTY. GEORGE MARDORFF, Esq., Treasurer of Bedford county, in account with said county, from January 4, A. D., 1866, to January 9, A. D., 1867.

TREASURER,		DR.
To amount received from James B. Farquhar, Esq., late treasurer, as per receipts exhibited,		$8,298 24
To amount of tax received from collectors.		
Jacob A Nicodemus, Woodberry M.	1858	152 84
R D Barclay, Bedford borougn,	1861	25 00
T M Lynch, Bedford borough,	1862	76 91
William Phillips, Bedford borough,	do	47 19
Philip Hardman, Cumb. Valley,	do	5 10
J R Durborrow, Woodberry M,	do	282 20
Jacob Fetter, Bedford township,	1863	561 11
U H Akers, Bedford borough,	1864	367 72
Samuel Bender, Bloody Run,	do	50 00
William Stuckey, Monroe,	do	114 70
Joseph Fisher, Providence W,	do	58 84
Samuel Beckley, St. Clair,	do	65 52
George Beegle, Union,	do	73 67
E F Kerr, Bedford borough,	1865	532 10
Henry Beegle, Union,	do	1366 82
John C Figard, Broad Top,	do	639 77
John C Black, Bloody Run,	do	115 00
Jacob Bowser, Colerain,	do	606 83
Archibald Blair, Cumberl'd Valley,	do	425 00
Henry Wertz, Harrison,	do	135 16
George Gardill, Juniata,	do	258 03
Michael Carpenter, Londonderry,	do	127 00
Samuel Harvey, Liberty,	do	83 58
Philip Snyder, Monroe,	do	19 64
David H Bowser, Napier,	do	519 09
P M Barton, Providence E.	do	239 37
George Baughman, Providence W,	do	55 33
Solomon Shrader, St. Clair,	do	569 56
Wesley Perdew, Southampton,	do	172 91
N N Koons, Snake Spring,	do	113 44
Daniel Horn, Schellsburg,	do	100 00
Adolphus Ake, Union,	do	506 05
Solomon Barley, Woodberry M,	do	737 29
Samuel Crissman, Woodberry S,	do	1221 73
John C Figard, Broad Top,	1866	783 84
Jeremiah Thompson, Bloody Run,	do	200 00
Henry Hite, Cumberland Valley	do	350 00
Jacob Bowser, Colerain,	do	200 00
A W Shoemaker, Harrison,	do	185 00
James Fink, Hopewell,	do	282 00
Henry Horn, Juniata,	do	150 00
Jacob Evans, Londonderry,	do	300 00
John McLain, Liberty,	do	60 00
Jacob Fletcher, Monroe,	do	715 00
Henry Egolf, Napier,	do	347 00
Uriah Melott, Providence, E,	do	105 00
John Kinsey, Schellsburg,	do	57 00
Moses Tewell, Southampton,	do	249 00
Solomon Barley, Woodberry M,	do	362 11
To amount received from Hucksters for Hucksters' license,		210 00
To money advanced from citizens of Napier and Harrison townships on bridge,		800 00
To money received from sales of estrays,		31 67
To money received on Treasurer's deeds,		26 00
To money received on lath sold at Court House,		2 75
To costs in commonw'h vs. S Amick et al,		32 30
To amount received on sale of unseated lands,		790 82
To amount received on bounty fund,		56 40
To sundry refunding checks,		331 20
Total charges,		$25,351 91

TREASURER,	CR.
On sundry checks drawn by the commissioners, as follows, viz:	
Paid Petit Jurors, February term,	$452 34
Grand Jurors, do do	171 10
Petit Jurors, Special court,	449 90
Petit Jurors, September term,	336 88
Grand Jurors, do do	142 10
Petit Jurors, November do	383 25
Grand Jurors, do do	142 39
Petit Jurors, May do	261 73
Grand Jurors, do do	127 59
Fox and wild cat scalps,	327 53
Isaac Kensinger, Jury Commissioner,	48 00
William Kirk, do do	48 00
J G Fisher, clerk do do	24 00
Tip-staves,	199 83
Talesmen,	99 22
Court-crier,	48 00
Assessors making assesment returns,	205 61
Constable's returns,	365 73
George Roades, Commissioner's salary,	238 00
Michael Wertz, do do	141 00
Michael Ritchey, do do	124 00
David Howsare, do do	16 00
J G Fisher, clerk to do	250 00
J Aldstadt, Sheriff, boarding prisoners,	1187 72
do conveying prisoners to Western Penitentiary,	692 00
do costs on comm'h cases,	78 98
do costs in commonwealth vs. John Hammond,	201 86
do costs in commonwealth vs John Stokenius	25 51
Metropolitan Insurance company,	90 50
John Harris arresting Walker alias Romdolf,	20 00
Expenses of Spring election,	241 04
do October election,	414 42
Charles Merwine, services as janitor, &c.,	72 50
John C Figard, money over paid on State tax,	110 53
Rupp, Shannon & co., chairs for court house	128 64
Jeremiah Thompson, repairing bridge at Bloody Run,	200 00
Jacob Lingenfelter, hauling stone, &c., for same,	50 00
O E Shannon, Esq., fees as Prothonotary,	150 00
G Blymyer & Son, bill of oils, paints, &c.	300 29
B McC Blymyer & co., bill of goods,	29 65
W G Perry, dockets for Prothonotary's office,	51 00
Meyers & Mengel, advertising and blank printing,	681 50
Durborrow & Lutz, advertising,	562 20
Dr. John Compher, attendance on prisoners at jail,	6 00
Expenses of road views,	232 00
do bridge do	26 96
do do sales,	17 35
John and Joshua Mower, work done in repairing court house,	164 90
B W Garretson, building bridge at Egolf's	959 00
John G. Fisher, making out and distributing duplicates, attending bridge sales, and money paid for work at court house	71 00
William Beegle, bounty and interest,	29 67
A B Cramer, bill of goods,	25 58
Matting for court house, chandeliers, &c.,	150 33
B W Garretson, lumber for court house,	11 94
Wm Troutman, painting court house,	245 00
Bounty paid to soldiers under act of 1863,	335 39
S L Russell, overpaid on unseated lands,	112 84
Money overpaid on duplicates for which treasurer is charged,	224 53
James B Farquhar, money overpaid on militia fund,	499 75
Henry Nicodemus, costs on commonwealth cases,	35 51
George Mardorff, money paid for slate roof	545 08
John Sill, interest on note,	60 00
George W Gibbony, bridge at Stonerstown,	500 00
J W Tate, money wrongly paid on deed,	44 53
Revenue stamps and postage for commissioner's office,	46 43
S L Russell, services at Harrisburg,	40 00
Wool and coal for public buildings,	180 98
Henry Nicodemus, money wrongly paid on treasurer's deed,	32 37
Stationery for commissioner's office,	40 31
John Aldstadt, bill of goods for jail	160 93
Tobias Boor, building bridge in Cumberland Valley,	200 00
Jacob A Sleek and Adam Diehl, coal and wood for jail,	109 90
Costs paid to justices and constables in commonwealth cases.	127 19
George Mardorff, advertising unseated lands,	41 00
Wm Hartley, oils, paints, nails, &c.,	446 39
George Blackburn, building bridge at Statler's	630 36
Lath, lime, and hauling sand for court house,	58 20
John Aldstadt, costs in commonwealth cases,	1093 92
John Aldstadt, costs in commonwealth vs. Wertz & May,	44 38
R Leo, book-case and chairs for court house,	32 80
Williams, Orne & co., window shades and carpet	138 47
Henry Nicodemus, examining dockets and swearing assessors,	42 50
Castleton Ake, building bridge at Mowry's,	1105 00
Simon Nycum, plank on bridge in East Providence township,	18 90
Hartley & Metzger, freight on slate,	81 00
Lumber for repairing court house,	72 12
Matthew Spidle, painting court house,	208 12
Isaac Mengel, freight on chairs,	22 20
Daniel Miller, plastering court house,	105 25
Work in repairing, roofing and whitewashing court house,	162 80
Jacob Semler, hobbling prisoners,	4 00
Isaac Mengel, meals furnished jurors,	48 00
O E Shannon, for having dockets bound in Prothonotary's office,	20 00
Philip Little, hauling slate from Mount Dallas,	30 04
Advertising horse thieves,	286 70
Mary Norris, scrubbing offices in court house,	36 50
William Keyser, bridge order,	500 00
James H Moorhead, repairing bridge at Wisegarver's,	95 00
Harry Drollinger, Hopewell bridge,	51 10
George Mardorff, treasurer's deed to commissioners,	54 37
Conrad Feaster, building bridge at Shawnee Run,	80 00
Special election in Saxton borough,	10 50
David Brown, on Blackburn's order,	10 80
Michael Reed, Esq., bridge plans,	6 00
O E Shannon, fees as prothonotary,	120 00
Treasurer's salary,	300 00
Revenue stamps and postage,	30 00
Allowance on old account,	10 00
Expenses on sales of unseated lands,	40 00
Bank note detector,	1 50
Certified copy of huckster's law,	1 50
Huckster's blanks,	7 00
Auditors and clerk,	100 00
Chas Merwine, attending auditors,	6 00
Total credits,	$21,247 66

Legal Notices.

Charges,	$25,351 91
Credits,	21,247 66
Balance in county treasury,	$4,104 25

Moneys due and owing to Bedford County from Collectors, and others, for 1866 and previous years.

From Collectors:		*County:*	*State:*
John A Osborn, Broad Top,	1857,	106 69	76 01
Lemuel Evans, do do	1858,	289 67	230 46
John C Morgart, C. Valley,	do	89 23	100 00
Aaron Reed, Woodberry S.	1863,	750 40	
Samuel Beckley, St Clair,	1864,	94 00	7 50
S M Bender, Bloody Run,	1864,	25 00	
J C Black, do do	1865,		23 84
Arch. Blair, C Valley,	do	174 00	64 98
Henry Wertz, Harrison,	do	138 41	
Westley Perdew, Southamp'n,	do	368 41	67 20
Sam Crissman, Woodberry S.	do	10 16	
E F Kerr, Bedford borough.	1866,	1064 19	163 02
Hen. Moses, Bedford tp.,	do	1793 68	230 00
J C Figart, Broad Top,	do	1264 79	163 24
Jer. Thompson, Bloody Run,	do	177 70	43 36
Jacob Bowser, Colerain,	do	935 00	557 06
Henry Hite, C. Valley,	do	750 11	134 71
A W Shoemaker, Harrison,	do	295 39	42 91
James Fink, Hopewell,	do	300 22	25 94
Jacob Evans, Londondery,	do	491 03	79 12
John McLain, Liberty,	do	462 66	43 16
Jacob Fletcher, Monroe,	do	128 82	54 17
Henry Egolf, Napier,	do	826 43	112 49
Uriah Mellott, Providence E.	do	485 17	31 22
J H H Sparks, do W.	do	465 81	224 81
John Kemery, Schellsburg,	do	184 87	42 98
Wm Grisinger, Snake Spring,	do	718 26	167 53
Moses Tewell, Southampton,	do	414 35	67 61
Henry F Smith, St. Clair,	do	1377 92	51 72
Henry Corle, Union,	do	959 97	227 17
Sol. Barley, Woodberry M.	do	1741 95	179 76
M Brambaugh, do S.	do	1848 16	291 98
To amount due from former treasurers:			
A J Sansom, late treasurer,		100 00	
J B Farquhar, do		927 82	
Jacob D Fetter, mistake in acc't,		60 84	
		$20,577.41	$3,991.29

Moneys due and owed by Bedford County.

The county of Bedford owes John Sill, on note,	$2000 00
The State claims from Bedford county, on account, half mill tax on real estate and fine, under act of 1865, about	$8000 00

Treasurer,	Dr.
To militia tax received from collectors,	$102 00

Treasurer,	Cr.
To amount paid for assessing and making out duplicates and rolls of militia,	80 00
Balance in treasury,	$22 00

Bedford County, SS.

The undersigned, Auditors of said county, do certify that in pursuance of the Acts of Assembly, in such cases made and provided, they met at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, and did audit and adjust the accounts of George Mardorff, Treasurer of said county, for the year A. D., 1866, as contained in the foregoing statements, and that we have examined the foregoing accounts of money due to and owed by said county, and that we have found the same to be correct.

Witness our hands, this 9th day of January, 1867.

DAVID EVANS,
JAMES MATTINGLY,
JOHN D. LUCAS,
Auditors.

Attest—E. F. KERR, Clerk.

To the Auditor General of Pennsylvania:

GEORGE MARDORFF, Esq., Treasurer of Bedford county, in account with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, from January 4, 1866, to January 9, 1867.

Treasurer,		Dr.
To amount received from collectors of taxes for 1866 and previous years,		$8965 66

Treasurer,		Cr.
By receipt of State Treasurer, dated	March 2, 1866,	$3000 00
do do do	Aug't 3, 1866,	2500 00
do do do	Oct'r 2, 1866,	4000 00
do do do	Jan'y 3, 1867,	1560 50
Associate Judges' salary, as per receipt, dated January 3, 1867,		439 50
Treasurer's per centage,		115 00
Credits,		$11,615 00
Charges,		8,649 34
		$2,649 34

Merchants' Licenses.

Treasurer,		Dr.
To aggregate amount of mercantile license for the year 1866,		$837 00

Treasurer,		Cr.
By Treasurer's commission,	$41 85	
Durborrow & Lutz, advertising list of retailers,	13 70	
Meyers & Mengel, do	13 70	
		$69 25
Amount due State,		$767 75

Tavern Licenses.

Treasurer,	Dr.
To aggregate amount assessed for 1866,	$805 00

Treasurer,	Cr.
By Treasurer's per centage,	40 25
Balance due State,	$764 75

Eating Houses.

Treasurer,	Dr.
To aggregate amount assessed for 1866,	$100 00

Treasurer,	Cr.
By per centage to Treasurer,	5 00
Amount due State,	$95 00

Banking Houses.

Treasurer,	Dr.
To aggregate amount assessed for 1866,	$20 00

Treasurer,	Cr.
By Treasurer's per centage,	1 00
Balance due State,	$19 00

Distilleries.

Treasurer,	Dr.
To aggregate amount assessed for 1866,	$45 00

Treasurer,	Cr.
By per centage to Treasurer,	2 25
Amount due State,	$42 75

Bedford County, SS.

The undersigned, Auditors of said county, do hereby certify that in pursuance of the Acts of Assembly, in such cases made and provided, they met at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, and did audit and adjust the accounts between George Mardorff, Esq., Treasurer of said county, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as contained in the foregoing statements, Witness our hands, this 9th day of January, A. D., 1867.

DAVID EVANS,
JAMES MATTINGLY,
JOHN D. LUCAS,
Auditors.

Attest—E. F. KERR, Clerk.
feb8w4

RICHARD LEO,
Manufacturer of
CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C.,
BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet making business, will make to order and keep hand everything in his line of manufacture.

BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASH-STANDS, &C., &C.,

will be furnished at all prices, and to suit every taste. COFFINS will also be made to order.

☞ Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.
☞ Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.

July 10, 1863.—tf RICHARD LEO.

DANIEL BORDER,
PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.
WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.

He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Refined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings. best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand.

Oct. 20, 1865-

PRINTERS' INK has made many a business man rich We ask you to try it in the columns of THE GAZETTE

The Bedford Gazette.

THE BRAVE BOYS IN BLUE.

We all remember!

It seems but yesterday, that all over the land hereaway newspapers were praising the Brave Boys in Blue, while children, minstrels, deacons, divines, rich and poor, were loud in their professions of love to the defenders of their homes.

When iron-shod and cannon-belching war held the country as in a vice, the Brave Boys in Blue were all the rage. They were feasted, toasted, praised, kissed, caressed, coffeed, jellied, and decked like lambs for the sacrifice. Mid the sobs of women, wives, mothers, sisters, and sweethearts, they were sent to the front, escorted to the cars and boats by bands of music, and promised all sorts of honors on their return.

Every Brave Boy in Blue was a shield to the loyal stay-at-home agitators. Every one sent by money, entreaties, appeals to patriotism, or other lingual device, was a safeguard to those who remained behind. Whining canters, pulpit-routers, stay-at-home bawlers of loyalty, mobbers of Democrats and Democratic printing offices, negroloving old maids, and others of both sexes, had much to say for the Brave Boys in Blue, and come the shoddy-cum-shoddy over the victims they had dressed for mutilated honors to a wonderful extent.

He who would not join the blue mass was called a traitor, coward, and hater of his country. He who would forsake friends, property, and the comforts of the family hearth to join the abolition crusade for power, cotton, negroes, mules, silver-ware, and other disguised objects of the late war, was hailed as a brave man.

He was to be loved and honored.

His family was to be cared for.

His children were to be educated.

His wife was to be waited upon to the replenishing of larders, and a fuel pile.

His grave, if he fell, was to be decked with flowers at all seasons of the year.

His stumps were to be supplied with wooden limbs.

His hospital bed was to be supplied with delicacies.

He was to be welcomed home by girls with garlands and wreaths of roses.

He was to be nominated for office, and voted for.

He was to be the returned hero—savior of his country, and the chief among ten thousand abolitionists. And we remember that those who questioned the honesty of those who made all these professions of goodness, and who asked respectfully that the war be hurried to a close, were denounced as cowards, traitors, and enemies to the soldiers. When we chided those who prolonged the war and turned it from its original course; when we objected to having thousands of brave men slain by incompetent officers, in raids for property, and who said the object of the war was to divide rather than restore the Union, the Brave Boys in Blue were filled with lies and evil spirits, and urged to destroy at once those who were their best friends.

The past came and went.

The professed patriots swept the land of volunteers. The brave Boys in Blue have returned; but they come not as the conqueror comes. They were not welcomed back—no arms of girls, garlands of roses, fancy balls, and avalanches of kisses greeted them. One by one, two by two, well and sick, whole and shattered, lame and dying, they came to their homes as stragglers in blood go to the rear after the agony of battle.

The loyal shouters have forgotten the brave Boys in Blue. They have no offices for them. They have no votes to give them. Officers rich from their stealings, able to buy and control delegations, receive nominations. They are the favorites of the ranters and the canters and the rumpites; while the true brave Boys in Blue, who fought the battles, are forgotten already. They are not wanted now. The negro and the bondholder are now worshipped, and the soldiers of the land can work on one leg or two, with one hand or both to redeem their farms from taxes heaped thereon by the stay-at-homes while they were fighting, and to support the negro, the bondholder and the thieving officer, who enriches himself and relatives at the expense of the blood and bravery of the country.

Brave Boys in Blue, as you gather your half-clad little ones about you—as you labor to pay taxes—as you go steadily to your graves with heavy hearts and calloused palms—think of these things, and tell us if those who made you such specious promises have kept faith with you or the people!

Brave Boy in Blue—soldier—working-man—tax-payer—think of these things, and think of them well.—*Cincinnati Inquirer.*

THE latest fashion of bonnets is said to be a tow string with a glass bead upon the top of the head. In extremely cold weather it is allowable to attach two postage stamps to protect the ears. Our Devil suggests that a small buckwheat cake would be better than a glass bead, as the fashions change so often that it would still be warm enough to eat when the next style comes out.

SUBSCRIBE for the GAZETTE and pay for it in advance.

AN INIQUITOUS MEASURE.

The House of Representatives at Washington has just passed a bill, which for injustice and impudence is conspicuous even among the extraordinary acts of that remarkable body. It purports to be an "Act for the Equalization of Bounties," and awards to every soldier in the recent war a bounty of $100 per annum for his entire term of service; but deducts from this allowance *all bounties, Government, State or local*, which the soldier has received, or is by law entitled to receive. As every soldier from Pennsylvania has received, or is by law entitled to receive, in Government, State or local bounties, more than this $100 per annum, the people of this State can never derive a particle of benefit from this measure. Such is also the case with New York, New England and other States, whose people taxed themselves liberally to encourage volunteering for the war. But the Representatives of the Western States, whose people contributed nothing in the shape of State or local bounties, propose by this bill to thrust their arms into the National Treasury, and take out of the common fund as much as will equalize the bounties of their their troops with those of the States which paid their soldiers out of their own purses. In short, the people of Pennsylvania, after having been taxed to pay the whole of the bounties of their own soldiers, are now to be taxed again to pay part of the bounties of the soldiers of other States.

There is too much reason to fear that this bill, which has passed the House of Representatives, will also pass the Senate and become a law. The same numerical preponderance of the West which controls the House exists in the Senate. And neither body is influenced by any regard for principle or right in this or any other measure; but the portions that form the majority in both are intent only upon securing the greatest possible pecuniary benefit, with the least possible inconvenience or burthen to themselves and their constituents.

It is supposed, in well informed quarters, that this act will take upwards of $400,000,000 from the National Treasury; and as the Secretary estimates the expenditures under the bounty law of the last session at $84,000,000, it will be seen that $500,000,000 are about to be added to the National debt. The interest of this amount, $30,000,000, must be annually extracted, in the shape of taxes, from the pockets of the people. The simple statement of this fact shows how little prospect there is of any permanent reduction, and how great the prospect is of permanent increase in Federal taxation.

This unjust and extravagant legislation of Congress is also conclusive of another fact, which should be borne in mind by the people. While it continues, there can be no reduction of the National Debt, no contraction of the currency, no decline in prices and no approach towards specie payments. It is beyond the power of the Secretary of the Treasury or any other financier to withdraw four millions of legal tender notes per month, when all the currency he can collect will not suffice to meet the interest on the debt and the appropriations of an extravagant and reckless Congress. There is far greater prospect of an increase of currency, and increased inflation of prices, from sheer necessity, to answer these exorbitant drafts upon the National Treasury. We therefore warn our readers to discard the delusive hope of any reduction in the burthens and taxation or the expenses of living, so long as a Radical Congress rules the country; but rather to prepare themselves for the good time coming, when the printing press must again be set in motion to manufacture money for the current expenses of Government.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

ANCIENT HOSPITALITY.

It was once the universal custom to place ale or some strong liquor in the chamber of an honored guest, to assuage his thirst, should he feel any on awakening in the night, which, considering that the hospitality of that period often reached excess, was by no means unlikely.

It is a current story in Teviotdale, that in the house of an ancient family of distinction, much addicted to the Presbyterian cause, a Bible was always put into the sleeping apartment of the guests, along with a bottle of strong ale. On one occasion, there was a meeting of clergymen in the vicinity of the castle, all of whom were invited to dinner by the worthy baronet, and several abode there that night.

According to the fashion of the times, seven of the reverend guests were allotted to one large barrack-room, which was used on such occasions of extended hospitality. The butler took care that the divines were presented, according to custom, each with a bible and a bottle of porter. But after a little consultation among themselves, they are said to have recalled the domestic just as he was leaving the apartment.

"My friend," said one of the venerable guests, "you must know that when we meet together, the youngest minister reads aloud a portion of Scripture to the rest; only one bible, therefore, is necessary; take away the other six and in their place bring six more bottles of wine."

The only true spirit of tolerence consists in conscientious toleration of other people's intolerence.

HOW TO ECONOMIZE FUEL.

Dr. Samuel Warren, author of "Ten Thousand a Year," recently wrote a letter to the Mayor of Hull, England, to say that before leaving for London he desired to make a practical suggestion to the housekeepers of the town. The suggestion was this: "To economize the burning of coal, send for an iron-monger or blacksmith, and order him to take the measure of the bottom of your grate and make you a sheet-iron plate of about one-sixth of an inch in thickness, or even less. Simply lay this and light your fire as usual. It will soon burn up, but you must keep pretty open the lowest bar, so as to secure a light draught. When the fire has begun to burn poke it gently from beneath and the flame will gradually get through the entire mass of coals, the iron plate beneath gets red hot, and so keeps up a constant combustion, at the same time dispersing the heat through the room, instead of its being sent up the chimney, thus entirely consuming the coal, instead of filling the hearth with ashes."

Dr. Warren continues:

"In my own house I tried the experiment for a week in the breakfast room, then in the dining-room, then in the kitchen, with uniform and complete success; and then I had the sheet-iron plate put into every fire-place—and there are many throughout the house—with equal success. So I do with the fire-place in my official residence. When the fire is once made up, say about 10 A. M., for the day, an occasional poke and possibly a single replenishment suffices for the day. In my own case, and also at my hotel here, where three scuttles were required, one now suffices. You must not smile at the simplicity of my suggestion, but attribute my offering to a sincere desire to contribute what little is in my power to promote the comfort of, and lessen expense to, every householder in the good old town of Hull."

A citizen of Hull, who has since tried this plan, writes: "The result in my house, where I have had quarter-inch iron plates fitted at the bottom of two fire-grates, at an expense of two shillings each, is a saving in coal of about one-third, with a considerable increase in heat. A large number of persons have already satisfactorily tried the experiment, and the use of the plates is likely to become general in this locality."

The cost of the experiment is a mere trifle.

KISS MY WIFE OR FIGHT ME.

There are few married men who are averse to kissing, but an exchange relates the particulars of a case in a newly wedded Benedict felt himself insulted because his wife wasn't kissed. The bridegroom in question was a stalwart young rustic, who was known as a formidable operator in a "free fight." His bride was a beautiful and blooming young country girl, only sixteen years of age, and the twain were at a party where a number of young folks were enjoying themselves in the good old-fashioned pawn-playing style. Every girl in the room was called out and kissed except B——, the beautiful young bride aforesaid, and although there was not a youngster present who was not dying to taste her lips, they were restrained by the presence of the herculean husband, who stood regarding the party with a sullen look of dissatisfaction. They mistook the cause, however, for suddenly he expressed himself. Rolling up his sleeves, he stepped into the middle of the room, and in a tone of voice that secured marked attention, said: "Gentlemen, I have been noticing how things have been working for some time, and I ain't half satisfied. I don't want to raise a fuss, but—" "What's the matter, John?" inquired half a dozen voices. "What do you mean? Have I done anything to hurt your feelings?" "Yes, you have; all of you have hurt my feelings, and I've just got this to say about it. Here's every girl in the room has been kissed near a dozen times apiece, and there's my wife who I consider as likely as any of them, has not had a single one to-night; and I just tell you now, if she don't get as many kisses the balance of the night as any gal in the room, the man that slights her has got me to fight—that's all. Now go ahead with your plays!" If Mrs. B—— was slighted during the balance of the evening we did not know it. As for ourself, we know that John had no fault to find with us individually for any neglect on our part.

An exchange says that it has now in its office a compositor who once preached the Gospel, then ran a side-show to a circus, then kept a singing-school, then ran away with a man's wife and two children, practiced medicine, had been an agent for a concert troupe and clerk on a steamboat; finally, now reformed and settled down to a legitimate business—that of sticking type. The exchange thinks that it will make a man of him. Probably!

A friend of ours lives next door to a not over-thriving undertaker. One day our friend's young son rushed into the parlor in a state of wild excitement, exclaiming, "O father, somebody is dead, for sure, because the undertaker's children are eating candy!"

—A Danville (N. J.) lady who got divorced from her husband and married another man, has just eloped from him, running away with her first husband.

DREAD RETRIBUTION.

During the war a Democratic editor in Dayton, Ohio, Bollmeyer, was murdered by an Abolitionist, without any provocation. An Abolition court tried and acquitted the murderer. The whole trial was a disgraceful farce, and all who participated in it were guilty of official perjury. Some three years have elapsed, and the county clerk, the sheriff, and about one-half of the jury, are dead, while the infamous judge, who outraged justice at the trial, is an idiot in a lunatic asylum! Jim Lane, while his hand was yet smoking with the blood of murdered victims, was elected to the office of United States Senator by a Puritanic Legislature. For one of his murders he was tried, and of course acquitted. He has fallen by his own hand. It is now believed by most of mankind, that Mrs. Surratt was guiltless of participation in the murder of Mr. Lincoln. When she was under sentence of death, after a trial which will be considered a blot on our country and age, Mr. Preston King prevented access to the President, and denied admission to her daughter, who almost shrieked and sobbed her life away on the steps of the Executive mansion. A few months afterwards Preston King stilled a remorseless conscience in this world by self-murder.

STEVENS ON THE SOUTH.—The omnipotence of the Almighty, in the opinion of the Republican leader of the House of Representatives, is limited by the longevity of Thaddeus Stevens. "God willing and I living," exclaimed this frantic old man last night on the floor of Congress to which he had staggered from a sick bed—"God willing and I living," certain things shall be done! The volition of God, it seems, would be ineffectual without the performing presence of Stevens.

This is a very horrible piece of blasphemy; but when we consider that it was only preliminary to a proposition for plundering a whole section of its property—that section being now absolutely on the brink of starvation—the blasphemy of the speaker's phrase becomes almost pardonable in comparison with the darker blasphemy of the speaker's purpose.

The ridicule which attaches to Stevens' senseless representations of "Wade Hampton and his black horsemen" rolling over and over in imaginary "millions," does not relieve the darker shades of the scene. A man who ignorantly or wilfully can talk in this way of a hopelessly impoverished region, puts it indeed beyond a doubt that he is no statesman. But the man who makes his own poor life the condition of God's devasting rage against thousands of his fellow-creatures raises the deeper question, whether he is so much as a rational human being.—*N. Y. World.*

NECK-TWISTING IN CHURCH.—A good story is told of an eccentric old parson, who was sorely annoyed by a habit his people had acquired (and which prevails by-the-way, in all other churches, even now and hereabouts to some extent) to twisting their necks around every time anybody entered the door and passed up the aisle of the meeting house, to see what manner of person it might be.

Wearied with the annoyance, the old man exclaimed one Sunday:

"Brethren, if you will only cease turning your heads round whenever the door opens, and will keep your attention on me, I will promise to tell you, as I preach, who it is that comes in."

Accordingly he went on with the services and presently made a stop as one of the deacons entered, saying—

"That is Deacon——, who keeps the grocery opposite.

And then he announced, in turn, the advent of each individual, proceeding the while with his sermon as composedly as the circumstances would admit, when at last a stranger came in, when he cried out—

"A little old man in green spectacles, and a drab overcoat—don't know him—you can all turn round and look for yourselves this time."

It is hardly necessary to add that the good man carried his point, and there was but little neck-twisting seen in his congregation after that day.

HOME CONVERSATION.—Children hunger perpetually for new ideas, and the most pleasant way of reception is by the voice and the ear, not the eye and the printed page. The one mode is natural, the other artificial. Who would not rather listen than read? An audience will listen closely from the beginning to the end of an address which not one in twenty of those present would read with the same attention. This is emphatically true of children.—They will learn with pleasure from the lips of parents what they deem it drudgery to study in the books; and even if they have the misfortune to be deprived of the educational advantages which they desire, they cannot fail to grow up intelligent if they enjoy in childhood and youth the privilege of listening daily to the conversation of intelligent people. Let parents, then, talk much and talk well at home. A father who is habitually silent in his own house may be, in many respects, a wise man; but he is not wise in his silence. We sometimes see parents who are the life of every company which they enter, dull, silent, uninteresting at home among their children. If they have not mental activity and mental store sufficient for both, let them first provide for their own household.

THE UNDERGROUND RAILWAY OF LONDON.—A New York business man, of great experience in road matters, writes from London under date of January 29, naming some of the things he has seen which he likes:

"Not the least is their extensive system of underground railways. It is perfectly wonderful how they jerk the people about, at the rate of about fifteen miles an hour, from one end of the town to another, and across and around—stopping about once every half mile, at some prominent corner, at a station, from which you emerge to the upper air, and find yourself somewhere near where you were a half or three-quarters of an hour ago. These trains run each way, being double tracks, about every ten minutes; and morning and evening they often consist of seven or eight cars, holding thirty or forty people each. The cars are lighted with gas—not the tunnels, except at stations—so that you can read your papers; and there is no smell of smoke, or sense of suffocation. How they ventilate them so well I can hardly see.

OUR STATE ORPHANS.—The report of Thomas H. Burrows, State Superintendent of the soldiers' orphans, has just been published, and contains many interesting statements. It is well known that the State has assumed the care and education of the orphan children of Pennsylvania soldiers who gave up their lives in defence of the country. Schools have been organized, and the children, boys and girls, are being cared for and educated. During the past year four new schools have been established, and three additional schools, now required, will be organized as soon as possible. There have been admitted during the year 1,575 children, and the total number of scholars on the 1st of December was 2,658, of which 1,591 were boys, and 1,067 girls. These are all cared for until they reach the age of sixteen, when they are discharged, being judged competent at that age to do something towards earning a livelihood. The total expense of the system for the year ending November 30, was $309,149.26, which is a small sum, when we consider the benefits which are to be derived from it.

AN EXTRAORDINARY LAKE.—In Nevada, near Bagtown, there is a small lake, the surface of which is covered, like ice, with alkali, to the depth of ten to twenty inches, almost perfectly white and pure. The water, which is but slightly impregnated with it, does not seem to be particularly injurious to man or beast. It is sometimes so abundant as to destroy vegetation, though it is the very substance our farmers are ever ready to add to the soil as a fertilizer, in the shape of leeched or unleeched wood ashes. A traveler declared, after eating several meals in succession at the overland stations, of soda biscuit and rancid bacon, and partaking freely of this water, that he was fast turning into a miniature soap factory.

NEWSPAPERS.—De Tocqueville, in his work on America, gives this forcible sketch: A newspaper can drop the same thought into a thousand minds at the same moment. A newspaper is an adviser who does not require to be sought, but who comes to you briefly every day to tell you of the common weal, without distracting your private affairs. Newspapers, therefore, become necessary in proportion as men become more equal and individuals more to be feared. To suppose that they only serve to protect freedom would be to diminish their importance; they maintain civilization.

ENLISTMENT OF BOYS IN THE ARMY.—General Grant in a circular recently issued from the headquarters of the army, says that hereafter boys under twenty-one years of age will not be enlisted excepting for the purpose of learning music, and even then the enlistment will only be made after authority is obtained from the Superintendent of the recruiting service or the Adjutant General of the army, and written consent is given by the parent, guardian or master of the boy. When this cannot be obtained the boys will not be enlisted.

A RADICAL OUTFIT.—A Nashville paper publishes the following as the contents of a valise belonging to a "long haired, lean-visaged white passenger" who arrived in that city: "2 pairs clean linen bosom shirts, 1 dirty do., 1 pair drawers, 1 hymn book, 2 packs playing cards, 1 bottle rum, 1 prayer book, 1 hair brush, 1 boot jack, 1 brace pistols, 1 pocket testament, 1 razor and strap, 1 shaving brush, 1 cake soap, 1 vial sweet oppoponax, 1 photograph of a colored girl, and a lock of hair, with 4 copies of "The Right Way."

ROOT OF THE EVIL.—The various State prison reports are being published, and all tell much the same story. A sad feature of the records is the large number of men who served in the army and navy during the war, and it is rendered more sad by the fact that many of them might have been saved from crime and its punishment if they could have found employment. There is the grand trouble—scarcity of work. To that all reformatory associations and prison societies should address their thoughts.

A POOR old Irishman offered his old saucepan for sale; his children gathering 'round him, inquired why he did so. "Ah, my honeys," said he, "sure I wouldn't be after partin' wid it if it wasn't to get some money to buy somethin' to put in it."

—Eggs sold in Chester, on Tuesday last, at fifty-five cents per dozen. The hens came at once to the relief of consumers, and eggs have discounted more freely since.

A SWEET woman's soul sits and looks out of a bright eye like a cat out of a sunny window.

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The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning,..............March 1, 1867.

AGENTS TO OBTAIN SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE GAZETTE.

Circulate your County Paper.

The following named gentlemen have been appointed our Agents to obtain subscriptions to the GAZETTE. They are authorized to receipt for us:

Bloody Run—Jeremiah Thompson.
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Snake Spring—Andrew Mortimore, J. G. Hartley and M. S. Ritchey.
W. Providence—Geo. Baughman, Homer Neice.

THE Radical party from its very inception down to the present time, has been a party of treachery and double-dealing. It has never fought a campaign openly and manfully, never declared to the country, before the election, its real principles and purposes. The ultraism of its leaders needed only to be avowed to be repudiated by the people. Hence its uniform policy has been to deny the real issues and carry the elections on false ones. This it has done from first to last, with an unblushing effrontery that baffles description.

From 1856 to 1860 that party, through every authoritative channel, through its press and stump-speakers, its State and National Conventions, solemnly declared to the country that it intended no interference with slavery in the States. Mr. Lincoln, in his inaugural address, reiterated the same doctrines that had cheated the country into his support. Congress followed this by joint resolutions deliberately repeating the same solemn lie. The sequel is familiar to all. As soon as they had the country hopelessly involved in war, this party, false to all its pledges, but true to its secret intentions from the first, abolished slavery by a single stroke of the Presidential pen.

They have always shirked the question of Negro Suffrage and Negro Equality, and yet these doctrines are as much a part of their creed as the ten commandments are a part of the Bible. Their leaders have intended from the first, to stop at nothing less than complete social and political equality between the two races. Their denial of this was only another instance of their cowardly mode of warfare. In this, as in every thing else, they have uniformly gone into the contest with an honest flag floating over a pirate's deck, and thus achieved their victories.

They have, however, at last seen proper to throw off their disguise and unfurl the black flag that marks the true character of their craft. Congress, at its present session, has established unqualified negro suffrage in the District of Columbia and in all the territories of the United States. It has also passed a law excluding the Southern States from the Union until they shall establish Negro Suffrage. These acts, it seems to us, render it impossible for the Radical leaders longer to conceal their real purposes from the people. The issues must hereafter be squarely met. It remains to be seen whether the country will indorse these measures; whether this party of fraud, hypocrisy and lies, can be continued in power after it has cheated and betrayed the great body of its own followers.

THE Radicals in Congress have at last declared their deliberate purpose to exclude the South from the Union until Negro Equality is established by the several State Constitutions. In the meantime the Southern people are to be governed by the bayonet. Armies are to be quartered upon them, and the military is to be superior to the civil power. Military commissions with all their infernal incidents, are to take the place of Courts of Justice. Such are the provisions of the Military Subjugation Bill as it at last passed both houses of Congress. The infamy of this measure is unparalleled in the annals of oppression. Never before were a conquered and unresisting people so mercilessly compelled to bite the dust. But one result can follow. A spirit of hatred and vengeance, the natural offspring of tyranny, will spring up all over the South. A dozen Polands and Irelands are established within our borders, and standing armies are necessary to keep them in subjugation. God alone can foresee where all this will end.

—A. H. Coffroth has been rejected by the Rump Senate as Assessor of Internal Revenue for the 16th district. Alfred G. Lloyd, of the 23d district, is in the same fix. They are not Radical enough on disunion and the darkey to get their bread and butter. Rufus C. Swope, of the 16th, and W. S. M'Candless, of the 23d, have been rejected as collectors.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 23, 1867.

DEAR GAZETTE:—Having a few moments of leisure, I will jot down some desultory notes touching things at the State Capital. The legislature is not in session at present, having adjourned on Thursday last to meet on Tuesday next. This adjournment, it is alleged by some of the majority, was effected because of the respect the Legislature are supposed to entertain for the memory of that old Virginia rebel, George Washington; but it is shrewdly surmised that since Andy Johnson's disquisition on defunct ducks, the Radicals regard this as *dies irae*, and, therefore, think it best to keep quiet whilst its hours are passing. At any rate the glorious Twenty-Second was permitted to go by without any demonstration in its honor by the Radical Legislature of Pennsylvania.

There is still some little talk about the Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad bill which was lost in the Senate, a few days ago. The bill will soon be acted upon in the House, but I think will fail there also. There is a good deal of acrimony between the friends of this bill and those of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and in the debate upon the bill in the Senate, the Speaker was frequently compelled to check Senators in their attempts to reflect upon each other's motives. It is a sad thing that jealousy of sectional interests should thus divide and distract the counsels of the legislature in regard to railroad improvements, and the people should awake to the necessity of electing men to that body whose broader views and earnest desires for the good of the people of every section of the State will put an end to legislation which favors one locality to the detriment of another. I fear that there is but little prospect of the enactment of a Free Railroad Law. True, there may some law be passed which will bear such a title, but the bills which I find on the files of the two Houses, professing to be "free railroad laws," would make an infinitely worse system than that which exists at present. One of them, for instance, proposes to erect a "Railroad Bureau," the "Comptroller of Railroads," to be appointed by the Governor. There is too much one man power in this to be a safe measure, and at any rate we want as few *bureaux* in this country as possible. There are generally too many *drawers* in such institutions to suit the pockets of the people. Another bill (the "free railroad" law *par excellence*) constitutes the Secretary of the Commonwealth the head of a railroad department, and requires that fifteen thousand dollars of stock shall be subscribed for every mile of railroad to be built, ten thousand dollars of which must be subscribed and ten per cent. of the ten thousand dollars paid up, before permission will be granted by the Secretary of the Commonwealth to any company to act as a corporation. This bill, also, makes the members of companies individually liable for every responsibility incurred by such companies. I should like to see the railroad that will be constructed under such a law as this. If we are to have a "free railroad law" at all, let it be free in the true sense of the term. Let us have no Railroad Autocrat at Harrisburg, but, as railroads are a public blessing, let us have a law which will permit any man, or set of men, under proper restriction, to construct all the railroads they please. If we cannot have such a "free railroad law," it will be infinitely better to have none at all.

There is not much said about the proposed Constitutional Convention. The Radicals are very reticent in regard to the matter. Is there any doubt that such a body should assemble? I think not. Our State system needs remodeling. The local interests of this great Commonwealth are so various and diversified that justice to all of them demands that communities rather than counties or municipalities, should have representation in the Legislature. Again, the office of Auditor General should be abolished, and instead thereof, a board of State Auditors should be erected, to consist of two persons, both to be chosen at the same election, and each voter to cast a ballot for but one of them. This would operate as an effectual check to all partizan white-washing of the plundering of the Treasury. Other reforms, of which I have not space to speak at present, would also engage the attention of such a body. I, therefore, hope, almost against hope, that the Legislature will yet adopt a call for such a Convention.

I have just learned that Gen. A. H. Coffroth, Assessor of Internal Revenue for our district, and Col. R. C. Swope, Collector of Internal Revenue for the same, have both been rejected by the U. S. Senate. I am sorry for this, personally speaking, as they were both excellent officers and good friends of the subscriber. I cannot see why the Senate refuses to confirm the appointments of President Johnson, as their refusing to do so does not restore the Radicals to office, but operates only to give the vacant places to other friends of the President.

There has been lately some legislation for Bedford county, among which I notice the passage by the House of the bill to incorporate the "Morrison's Cove Railroad Company," which company, I understand, is to build a road to connect Woodberry with Newry, Blair county. I must close. *Au revoir.*

B. F. M.

—The Rhode Island Radical State Convention nominated the following canidates. For Governor, General Burnside; Lieut. Governor, William Green; Attorney General, Colonel Wm. Sayles; Secretary of State, John R. Bartlett; Treasurer, George W. Tew.

—The New York *Tribune*, the organ of those who are continually clamoring for protection to home interests, is printed upon imported paper. Why don't it practice what it preaches?

NEWS ITEMS.

—Artemus Ward has left London and gone to the Island of Jersey.

—The Indians on the plains have taken over three thousand white scalps this season.

—A heavy emigration of whites and blacks has set in from Virginia to Missouri.

—In Holyoke (Mass.) schools they punish refractory pupils with doses of cayenne pepper. That ought to make them smart.

—There are nearly twice as many newspapers published in the United States as in all the rest of the world together.

—It takes more money to run the "negroes' wardrobe" than it did the whole Government when Jefferson had hold of it.

—The President has nominated Sydenham E. Ancona, one of the Pennsylvania delegation in Congress, as Naval Officer in Philadelphia.

—Mrs. Lucy Stone Blackwell will soon address the New Jersey and Ohio Legislatures in behalf of woman suffrage.

—Mr. Pelot's juvenile male school in Augusta, Georgia, have contributed their little mite, $10, to the relief of Jefferson Davis.

—The rumor that Banks had joined the Congressional Temperance Society excites his constituents and an investigating committee is talked of.

—Mrs. Henderson of Wisconsin, was severely injured by drinking lye which was offered her by some one who playfully represented that it was beer. A malicious lye.

—The Democracy of Altoona have elected their whole borough ticket. In the surrounding township the Radical majority was decreased 123 votes since last fall.

—A woman, wearing the pronounceable name of Mrs. Lebbeuchner, in Milwaukee, tried to poison herself and two children, being jealous of her husband. Purging produced recovery and repentance in each case.

—Botts has just received a horse which was stolen from him early in the war. His loss is the beast's gain. If Botts was disconsolate without the horse, how happy was the horse to be free from Botts.

—The Wabash River is reported to be higher than ever known before. On the Illinois side the flood has almost reached the tops of the houses, and it is reported that steamboats are running over portions of the prairies.

—A photograph has been taken from the body of a deceased literary man, who died on the 17th of Februray last, and who was embalmed by a certain method introduced in Paris by a Dr. Marina. When the body was exhumed, some months afterwards, it was so supple and life-like that it was dressed in the clothes worn during life and photographed, as an advertisement for the embalmer.

THE LADY'S FRIEND FOR MARCH, 1867.—"The Truant's Return," a beautiful Steel Engraving, leads off this number of the "Queen of the Monthlies." Then we have the usual elegant and refined Steel Fashion Plate, and a number of Patterns for Spring Dresses, Promenade Toilettes, Caps, &c. The Music this month is "Tillie's Passed Away." The literary matter is made up of the continuations of the novelets of "Orville College," and "How a woman had her Way," both of which increase steadily in interest and attractiveness—with shorter articles, Editorials, Receipts, Fashions, &c. The publishers announce in addition, novelets by Amanda Douglass and Frank Lee Benedict. They also announce, in addition to the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines, a splendid list of new premiums, including Silver-plated Teasets, Cake-baskets and Ice-Pitchers, Silver and Gold Watches, Guns and Rifles, Clothes' Wringers, Melodeons and Organs, Appleton's Cyclopedia, &c. A beautiful steel engraving, 26 inches long by 20 inches wide, called "One of Life's Happy Hours," will be sent gratis to every single ($2.50) subscriber, and to every person sending a club. Specimen numbers of the magazine, containing the particulars of the premium offers and the reduced prices to clubs, will be sent on the receipt of twenty cents. Price (with engraving) $2.50 a year; four copies (with one engraving) $6.00; eight copies (with extra magazine and an engraving) $12.00. One copy of Lady's Friend and one of Saturday Evening Post (and one engraving) $4 00. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

JOHN W. BOWEN ESQ., is a regularly authorized agent for this paper, and will visit our friends throughout the county, for the purpose of making collections and taking subscritions. We hope that his calls will be responded to in the proper spirit. We have some $6,000 on our books, $1,000 of which we need very badly to pay a debt we owe in bank. In fact we must collect, and if mild measures will not answer our purpose, we will be compelled to resort to harsher ones. There are many persons who pay promptly. To such, thanks! There are more who do not. To such, duns, and finally *writs*. We desire to oppress no man. We are willing to be liberal to those who are in straitened circumstances. But if me do not heed our request to settle, if they treat our call for payment with contempt, they have no further claim upon our generosity. We have given away enough in our business to keep a small family five years. If we are to continue that sort of work, we want those who can pay to come forward and do it, and those who can't, to step up and settle. Of course, we don't refer to those who *do* pay. If this be not attended to *soon*, we will see whether "some things can't be done as well as others."

CONGRESS.

SENATE.—The President was requested to inform the Senate whether any salary has been paid to Mr. Harvey the United States Minister to Portugal, since the passage of the Diplomatic Appropriation bill of July 25th, 1866. The bill to quiet land titles in California, and also the bill to amend the act providing for the safety of passengers in steam vessels, were taken up and passed. The Clerk of the House, at 12.40 P. M., announced that the House refused to concur in the Senate amendments to the bill providing for the establishment of military governments in the Southern States and asked a committee of conference. A motion was then made by Mr. Williams that the Senate should insist on its amendments and appoint a committee. After a long and spirited discussion, in which Messrs. Williams, Sumner and Fessenden spoke in favor of the motion, and Messrs. Conness, Sherman, Lane, Wade and Brown against it, the motion was withdrawn. The motion was then made that the Senate insist on its amendments. Messrs. Sherman and Trumbull then made speeches in favor of the motion. At the close of Mr. Trumbull's speech a warm discussion sprung up upon his having stated that the Freedmen's Bureau bill was not executed by the President. Mr. Cowan denounced the habit of the Senators from Massachusetts (Wilson and Sumner) and Howard, of Michigan, of reciting to the Senate accounts of alleged murders ond outrages on the freedmen in the Southern States, which he showed to be wholly unfounded. A vote was finally taken on the motion that the Senate insist on its amendments and it was agreed to. The Senate then took a recess until 7½ o'clock P. M.

Evening Session.—A number of bills were reported from the Committee on Military Affairs and passed by the Senate. Among them was the bill prohibiting any system of peonage in New Mexico, or in any other Territory or State. A bill providing for the temporary increase of the pay of officers of the army was also passed. The Senate soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House resumed the consideration of the bill to establish military governments in the Southern States, the question being on the motion to concur in the Senate amendments thereto. A vote was taken and resulted yeas 73, nays 98, so the House refused to concur, and a committee of conference was ordered. The report of the committee of conference on the disagreeing vote of the two Houses on the bill to regulate the tenure of certain civil offices, making the tenure of Cabinet officers during the tenure of the President appointing them, but making their removal subject to the approval of the Senate, was agreed to. A communication was received from the Secretary of State, stating that the States of Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota and New York have given official notification of their adoption of the constitutional amendment. A despatch was received announcing the death of Samuel Downey, the last surviving soldier of the Revolution. The House concurred in the Senate amendments to the bill providing for the election of a Congressional printer. The House then went into Committee of the Whole and took up the Army Appropriation bill. This bill appropriates over twenty-four million dollars. Pending its consideration the House took a recess until 7.30 P. M.

Evening Session.—A message was received from the Senate announcing the refusal of that body to recede from its amendments to the bill establishing military governments in the Southern States. The resolution introduced by Mr. Banks to send relief to certain Southern States was taken up and passed. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Army Appropriation bill, and after some time spent thereon the committee rose and the House took up the message of the Senate, insisting upon its amendments to the bill providing for military governments in the Southern States. A motion was made that the House recede from its disagreement, and concur in the Senate amendments with an additional amendment, providing that no person who is unable to hold office under the bill shall be allowed a seat in the constitutional convention or permitted to vote for members of such convention. A motion to lay the bill on the table was voted down. A number of dilatory motions were then made. Pending the bill providing for the establishment of military governments in the Southern States, a motion was made to concur in the Senate amendments. A motion to lay on the table was voted down. A number of dilatory motions were then made, and finally at ten minutes past eleven the House adjourned, with the understanding that the vote on the motion pending shall be taken to-day.

SENATE.—Several bills in relation to affairs in the District were reported from the Committee on the District of Columbia. The Clerk of the House announced the concurrence of that body in the Senate amendments to the bill providing for the establishment of military governments in the Southern States, and also the adoption of additional amendments by the House. A long discussion ensued on a motion that the Senate concur in the House amendments, and a number of speeches were made. Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, made a speech in which, after a long eulogy of the South, he announced that though he did not approve of the bill he would nevertheless vote for it. Without taking a vote the Senate took a recess until 7.30 o'clock P. M.

HOUSE.—The House resumed the consideration of the bill to establish military governments in the Southern States as amended by the Senate. A motion was made to concur in the Senate amendments, with the amendment offered last night by Mr. Wilson of Iowa, declaring certain persons ineligible to seats in State constitutional conventions, and also depriving them of the right to vote for members of such conventions. An amendment was offered by Mr. Shellabarger, of Ohio, as an addition to Mr. Wilson's amendment, providing that all governments formed in the States shall be regarded as temporary and subject to the control of the United States until such States shall be admitted to representation in Congress, and increasing the number of persons who are to be disqualified from holding office. The previous question was then demanded and seconded on Mr. Wilson's amendment as amended, and a vote was taken which resulted in the adoption of the amendment—yeas 98, nays 70. The Senate amendments as amended were then agreed to by a vote of yeas 125 to nays 46. The bill to reorganize and equip the militia was then taken up and an amendment was adopted providing that companies of the National Guard might be organized within the late insurgent States, to be composed of loyal men without distinction of color. These regiments shall be under control of the military commander of the district, who shall exercise the same powers as are exercised by Governors of States over the militia. The bill was then recommitted. A bill was also passed extending the provisions of the army bounty bill to sailors and marines. A bill was passed authorizing the distribution of one hundred and ninety thousand dollars among the officers and crew of the United States steamer Kearsarge for the destruction of the Confederate cruiser Alabama. The Army Appropriation bill was taken from the Committee of the Whole and reported to the House. The bill was passed after some discussion by a vote of yeas 88, nays 32. Communications were received from the Secretary of the Treasury in relation to the taxes paid by national banks, and from the Postmaster General in reference to the removal of clerks in the Postoffice Department. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Internal Tax bill. A tax of $5 per thousand was imposed on cigars of all descriptions. The tax of 50 cents per gallon on brandy made from grapes was stricken out. Several other amendments of no general importance were adopted, and the House then took a recess until 7.30 P. M.

Evening Session.—The House in Committee of the Whole resumed the consideration of the Tax bill and several amendments were adopted. The House then adjourned.

SENATE.—A bill was passed transferring the Government property at Camp Chase to the State of Ohio as a home for disabled soldiers. A bill was passed authorizing the refunding to the national banks any excess of duties paid by them on the presentation of proper vouchers. The Senate went into executive session and at its close took a recess until seven and a half o'clock P. M.

HOUSE.—The Committee of Ways and Means reported a bill to provide ways and means for the payment of compound interest notes and to prevent a further contraction of the currency. A long discussion ensued, and Mr. Stevens offered an amendment providing "that the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to redeem the compound interest notes, with the accrued interest thereon, and to issue therefore United States legal tender notes not exceeding one hundred millions of dollars." The amendment was adopted. A vote was then taken, and the bill, as amended, was rejected. The vote was, however, afterwards reconsidered, and the bill was recommitted to the Committee on Banking and Currency, and was immediately reported back to the House with the second section, which forbids the retiring or cancelling of greenbacks, stricken out. The bill was then passed by a vote of yeas 95, nays 64. The bill, as passed, directs the Secretary of the Treasury to redeem the compound interest notes, with the accrued interest thereon, and to issue therefor legal tender notes to an amount not exceeding one hundred millions of dollars. The House then took a recess until 7.30 o'clock P. M.

Evening Session.—The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Internal Revenue bill, and after making some changes, adjourned.

SENATE.—The resolutions of the Legislatures of Rhode Island and Wisconsin ratifying the constitutional amendment were received and placed on file. The joint resolution authorizing the establishment of ocean mail service between San Francisco and the Hawaiian Islands was taken up and passed. The joint resolution appropriating the additional sum of ninety-three thousand dollars to enable the United States to be properly represented at the Paris Exposition was then taken up. One hundred and fifty-six thousand dollars has already been appropriated for this purpose. After a short discussion the resolution was passed—yeas 26, nays 10. The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill, with the Senate amendments thereto, was taken up and the House refused to agree to the amendments providing for withdrawing the publication of the proceedings of Congress from the *Congressional Globe*. Several other of the Senate amendments were rejected and a committee of conference was ordered on the disagreeing votes. The West Point Appropriation bill for the year ending June 3, 1868, was taken up and a committee of conference was ordered on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses. The bill making appropriation for the consular and diplomatic expenses of the Government was taken up and concurrence was asked in all of the Senate amendments except the one providing for the payment of the Minister to Portugal. A motion to reconsider the vote by which this amendment was non-concurred in was laid on the table. The House then went into Committee of the Whole and took up the Tax bill. A number of amendments were proposed and adopted. They consist chiefly of additions to the free list. An amendment was adopted prohibiting any tax being imposed on cotton grown in the United States after September 1st, 1867. A motion to impose a tax of five per centum on amount of income over $1,000 and not exceeding $6,000 and ten per centum on incomes in excess of $6,000, caused considerable discussion, which was still pending at 4.30 o'clock, when the House took a recess until 7.30 o'clock P. M.

Evening Session.—The select committee on the alleged murder of Federal soldiers in South Carolina made a report, in which, after a review of the circumstances of the trial, conviction and release of the parties accused, they further state that punishment for crime in the courts of that department cannot be relied on in casses where soldiers, Union men or freedmen are implicated; that justice is denied and offences go unpunished; that the only power which can accomplish any good is the military power, and that the best measure to secure order is the bill just passed by Congress. A minority report will be submitted by Mr. Cooper, of Tennessee.

The House afterwards resumed the consideration of the Tax bill in Committee of the Whole.

—A special despatch from England to the Toronto *Globe* announces the name of the confederated provinces to be Canada. Upper Canada is to be called the Provinces of the Ontario, and Lower Canada Quebec. The other provinces will retain their present names.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A YOUNG LADY returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of order by

W. L. CLARK & co., chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette st., Syracuse, N. Y.
The only American Agents for sale of the same.
marl,'67yl

PREPARED OIL OF PALM AND MACE for PRESERVING, RESTORING, and BEAUTIFYING the HAIR, and is the most delightful and wonderful article the world ever produced.

Ladies will find it not only a certain remedy to Restore, Darken and Beautify the Hair, but also a desirable article for the Toilet, as it is highly perfumed with a rich and delicate perfume, independent of the fragrant odor of the Oils of Palm and Mace.

THE MARVEL OF PERU,

a new and beautiful perfume, which in delicacy of scent, and the tenacity with which it clings to the handkerchief and person, is unequaled.

The above articles for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, at $1 per bottle each. Sent by express to any address by proprietors,

T. W. WRIGHT & CO.,
oct19'66yl 100 Liberty St., New York.

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—A SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.—These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all billious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile. and remove those obstructions from the liver and billiary ducts, which are the cause of billious affections in general.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other in his present health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cts per box. Principal office, No. 15 North 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa.
4th & 5thw.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.—
LAME BACK.
New York, Nov. 23, 1859.

T. ALLCOCK & co.—Gentlemen: I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back. Having heard your plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one, and the result was all I could desire. A single plaster cured me in a week. Yours respectfully,
J. G. BRIGGS.
Proprietor of the Brandreth House.

CURE OF CRICK IN THE BACK, AND LUMBAGO.
Lyons, N. Y., July 4, 1862.

Messrs. Allcock & co.:—Please send me a dollar's worth of your plasters. They have cured me of a crick in my back, which has troubled me for some time, and now my father is going to try them for difficulty about his heart.
L. H. SHERWOOD.

Dr. Green, No. 863 Broadway, New York, informs us he sold, on Monday, June 22d, 1862, two plasters two a young woman suffering very severely from lumbago. On Thursday she called to get two more for a friend, and then stated how the two she had purchased on Monday had relieved her immediately after putting them on, and cured her in two days of a most distressing pain in her back and loins. Sold by all Druggists. feb15ml

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CENTS.—THOUSANDS OF CHILDREN DIE ANNUALLY OF CROUP.—Now, mothers, if you would spend 50 cents, and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment in the house, you never need fear losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 19 years since I have put up my Liniment, and never heard of a child dying of croup when my liniment was used; but hundreds of cases of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle they would not be without it. Besides which, it is a certain cure for cuts, burns, headache, toothache, sore throats, swellings, mumps, colic, diarrhœa, dysentery, spasms, old sores, and pains in the back and chest. No one once tries it who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full directions with every bottle. Sold by all druggists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, New York. feb15w7

KNOW THY DESTINY.—MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a lifelike picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with the date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y. marl,'67yl

WONDERFUL BUT TRUE.—MADAME REMINGTON, the world-renowned Astrologist and Somnambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and lifelike picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, &c. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information.

☞ Address in confidence, MADAME GERTRUDE REMINGTON, P. O. Box 297, West Troy, N. Y.
marl,'67yl

FREE TO EVERYBODY.—A large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy postpaid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,
marlm6 Troy, N. Y.

THE HEAD OF A COMET, according to Milton, is rendered tenfold more terrible by its "HORRID HAIR," and there are thousands of fiery human heads which might be rendered charming by simply changing their tint to a mellow brown, or a perfectly natural black with

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

It is ridiculous to carry into society a grey, sandy or carrotty head, when five minutes would render it as attractive as Nature could have made it in her happiest mood. Manufactured by J. Christodoro, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by druggists. Applied by Hair Dressers. feb15ml

LET THERE BE LIGHT.—The undersigned has for sale township and borough rights for Dr. Vaughan's LIGHTNING LAMP, which was patented on the 6th of November last, and is pronounced the brightest and cheapest light at presence known to science. Those wanting rights, can obtain them by addressing the undersigned at Rainsburg, Bedford county, Pa.
feb22ml C. F. HELTZEL.

Attorneys at Law.

JOSEPH W. TATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., will promptly attend to collections of bounty, back pay, &c., and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

Cash advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims.

Has for sale Town lots in Tatesville, where a good Church is erected, and where a large School House shall be built. Farms, Land and Timber Leave, from one acre to 500 acres to suit purchasers.

Office nearly opposite the "Mengel Hotel" and Bank of Reed & Schell.
April 6, 1866—1y

J. MCD. SHARPE. E. F. KERR.
SHARPE & KERR, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. BEDFORD, PA., will practice in the courts of Bedford and adjoining counties Office on Juliana st., opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell. [March 2, '66.

R. DURBORROW. | JOHN LUTZ.
DURBORROW & LUTZ, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to their care. Collections made on the shortest notice.

They are, also, regularly licensed Claim Agents and will give special attention to the prosecution of claims against the Government for Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Lands, &c.

Office on Juliana street, one door South of the "Mengel House," and nearly opposite the *Inquirer* office.

JOHN P. REED, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Respectfully tenders his services to the public.
Office second door North of the Mengel House.
Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.
Particular attention paid to the collection of Military claims. Office on Juliana Street, nearly opposite the Mengel House.
Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

ESPY M. ALSIP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA. Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, back pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected.
Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House.
Jan. 22, 1864.

M. KIMMELL. | J. W. LINGENFELTER.
KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA., Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House,"

G. H. SPANG, ATTORNEY AT LAW BEDFORD, PA. Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.
Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Mrs. Tate.
May 13, 1864.

B. F. MEYERS. | J. W. DICKERSON.
MEYERS & DICKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Bedford, Pa., office same as formerly occupied by Hon. W. P. Schell, two doors east of the GAZETTE office, will practice in the several courts of Bedford County. Pensions, bounty and back pay obtained and the purchase and sale of real estate attended to. [may11,'66.

JOHN H. FILLER, *Attorney at Law*, Bedford, Pa. Office nearly opposite the Post Office. [apr.20,'66.—1y.

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. GEO. B. KELLEY, having permanently located in ST. CLAIRSVILLE, tenders his professional services to the citizens of that place and vicinity. nov2'66yl

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office one door west of Richard Langdon's store.
Nov. 24, '65—1y

DR. J. L. MARBOURG, Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.
Office on Juliana street, east side, nearly opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell.
Bedford, February 12, 1864.

C. N. HICKOK, | J. G. MINNICH, JR.,
DENTISTS, BEDFORD, PA.
Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.
All operations pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully performed, and warranted. Tooth Powders and mouth Washes, excellent articles, always on hand.
TERMS—CASH.
Bedford, January 6, 1865.

TRIUMPH IN DENTISTRY!
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Nitrous Oxide, and is attended with no danger whatever.
TEETH INSERTED
upon a new style of base, which is a combination of Gold and Vulcanite; also, upon Vulcanite, Gold, Platina and Silver.
TEMPORARY SETS inserted if called for.
Special attention will be made to diseased gums and a cure warranted or no charge made.
TEETH FILLED to last for life, and all work in the dental line done to the entire satisfaction of all or the money refunded. Prices to correspond with the times.
☞ I have located permanently in Bedford, and shall visit Schellsburg the 1st Monday of each month, remaining one week; Bloody Run the 3rd Monday, remaining one week; the balance of my time I can be found at my office, 3 doors South of the Court House, Bedford, Pa.
nov.16,'66. WM. W. VAN ORMER, Dentist.

DR. H. VIRGIL PORTER,
(late of New York City,)
DENTIST,
Would respectfully inform his numerous friends, and the public generally, that he has located permanently in Bloody Run, where he may be found at all times prepared to insert full or partial sets of his BEAUTIFUL ARTIFICIAL TEETH on new and improved principles.
Teeth filled in a superior manner.
Teeth extracted without pain.
All operations warranted. feb15tf

D. R. ANDERSON,
Licensed Scrivener and Conveyancer,
CENTREVILLE, BEDFORD COUNTY, PA.,
will attend to the writing of Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Articles of Agreement, and all business usually transacted by a Scrivener and Conveyancer. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
April 6, '66-tf.

1867—BLACKWELL & Co., have now ready their revised Catalogue of
1867—Newspapers for 1867, containing all the
1867—principal Publications, for which they re-
1867—ceive Subscriptions at the regular rates, and
1867—on many of them offer the advantage of
1867—subscribing for 3 months. Send for a copy
1867—containing full details of our admirable
1868—system of operation. We refer to the Pub-
1867—lisher of this paper.
BLACKWELL & CO.,
Office, 82 Cedar st., New York.
jan4m3. BOX 4298 P. O.

PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to us for advertising Administrators', Executors', Auditors' Notices, Orphans' Court sales and other sales of Real Estate, and for printing bills, &c., &c., will please call and settle for the same, as all such advertising and printing should be CASH. MEYERS & MENGEL
Feb 16, '66–tf.

THE Local circulation of the BEDFORD GAZETTE is larger than that of any other paper in this section of country, and therefore offers the greatest inducements to business men to advertise in its columns.

LETTER HEADS AND BILL HEADS, and ENVELOPES for business men, printed in the best style of the art, at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE.

EVERY VARIETY AND STYLE OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at low rates at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office. Call and leave your orders.

TERMS for every description of Job PRINTING CASH! for the reason that for every article *we* use, we must pay cash; and the cash system will enable us to do our work as low as it can be done in the cities.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!—*Scratch Scratch! Scratch!*—WHEATON'S OINTMENT will cure Itch in 48 Hours.
Also cures Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Chilblains, and all Eruptions of the Skin. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists By sending 60 cents to Weeks & Potter, sole agents, 170 Washington street Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of post age, to any part of the United States.
fun8,'66–1y.

The Bedford Gazette.

Local and Personal.

THE WESTERN FEVER.—We have frequently adverted to this subject, by way of cautioning those who are dissatisfied with their comfortable homes in old Pennsylvania and are moved to emigrate to the West. We find an article on the same subject in last week's *Inquirer*, and as we are glad to find something in that paper which we can endorse, we transfer the article to our columns with our special commendation. The *Inquirer* has the floor:

"Every few days, some one of our subscribers drops into our office to order a lot of sale bills for himself or his neighbor preparatory to moving west. When questioned as to his motives for going west, the reply is, land is cheaper, opportunities are greater, the people are more enterprising. These people looking westward are always of one or the other of two classes. Young persons who, to use their own language, want to go where the people are wide awake; or older persons, who lacking enterprise themselves, hope by getting into live communities to be wafted on to fortune on the current of other people's energies. To both classes we would say, look before you leap, think before you move. Be sure that the same labor expended, the same energies put forth and the same hardships endured here would not yield you the same return as there. Thousands yearly leave good farms, comfortable homes and kind friends, in this and other parts of the State, to seek their fortunes in the far west. Many, dissatisfied with their western experience, return in a few years to find their former homes occupied by more prudent and thrifty men, while they themselves are poorer than when they first left the old homestead. Others succeed in their new homes and write glowing letters to old friends and acquaintances of the tempting prospects of the great west, but if they, wondering at the stolidity that keeps people among the hills of old Pennsylvania, conclude to visit their old home and see what is wrong, they generally find the friends they left behind them, quite as well off as themselves and sometimes a little better. Distance lends enchantment to the view in going west as well as in many other things. We would not deter any one from going where he is convinced he can succeed best in his calling whatever it may be. But Pennsylvania has not yet reached the maximum density of population consistent with the highest prosperity. This is the case not only in agricultural and mining pursuits but in the numberless other attending trades and professions. Even Bedford county is capable of sustaining double her present population and giving to all advantages of every kind superior what the present population now enjoys. We are called slow and old fogy. So we will continue to be while the young and enterprising portion of our population yearly emigrates west. It is to the young we must look for enterprise and not to the old. It is the greater preponderance of young men in our Western States that give them their character for thrift and energy. There is not a farm in Bedford county on which twice as much labor and capital could not be expended with a two or threefold increase of profits. There is not a factory of any kind in the county possessing the requisite power where the machinery and hands employed might not be doubled with profit to the manufacturer, his employes and the community around about him. Energy in one branch of business begets energy in another, so thrift begets thrift. If our young men will stay at home and devote their time, talents energies and capital to the development of our own rescources we will soon cease to be called old fogy."

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Rev. Barrow resumed his duties at the Court House, last Sabbath, and in the evening commenced a series of discourses on the "Life Labors and Journeyings of St. Paul." The subject for next Sunday evening will be "The persecutor converted." Next Wednesday being Ash Wednesday and the first day of Lent, there will be Services morning and evening. Also every Wednesday evening during the Lent season and prayer meeting on Saturday evenings, except when Mr. Barrow is at Huntingdon.

OUR friend and former townsman, J. Harry Hutton, is now with the well known Wholesale Boot and Shoe house of Shumway, Chandler & Co., 221 Market St., between Second and Third, Philadelphia. The reputation of this house is too well known to require any comment on our part, and the stock is immense, with prices and qualities to suit the trade, and the firm honorable gentlemen. We have the pleasure of knowing Mr. Chandler and can vouch for him being a trump. We would advise our merchants of Bedford county to give them a call; they will find Harrie ready and happy to show them through the stock. Don't forget the place, 221 Market St., and 210 Church Street.

DEATH OF THE IMMORTAL "J. N." —The many friends of the immortal "J. N." will regret to learn that the renowned philosopher, statesman, satirist and orator is no more. He died in Lauderville a few days since. J. N. whose proper name was J. N. Free, was the son of a clergyman, residing near Sandusky, Ohio. His mission on earth as a strange and peculiar monomaniac was brought to a close ere his great dream of reconstruction was half realized. He will be missed in the editorial sanctums from Maine to Georgia, for he was at home in all during his perambulating tours for the adjustment of our national difficulties.

THE second lecture for the benefit of the Cemetery will be delivered in the Court House, on Tuesday evening, the 5th of March, by Rev. A. J. Barrow. Subject, "*The Age we Live In.*"

MARRIED.

BRIGGLE—MEYERS—On the 3d ult., by Rev. C. U. Heilman, Mr. John Briggle and Miss Dorotha Meyers, both of this county.

ICKES—HIXSON—On the 14th ult., by Rev. J. W. Leckie, Mr. George W. Ickes and Miss Lizzie Hixson, both of this county.

WILLS—CRAWFORD—On the 14th ult., by Rev. G. C. Probst, Mr. Andrew J. Wills and Miss Sarah Crawford, both of Monroe tp.

ENGLAND—TROSTLE—On the 21st ult., by the same, Mr. Jacob England and Miss Elizabeth E. Trostle, both of Friends Cove.

BURKETT—MOWER—On the 24th ult., by Rev. J. W. Leckie, Mr. Harry Burkett, of Bedford, to Miss Mattie J. Mower, of Rainsburg.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Friday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at $2.00 per annum, *if paid strictly in advance*; $2.50 if paid within six months; $3.00 if not paid within six months. *All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.* No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional. All resolutions of Associations; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, *ten cents per line*. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line.

All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this place.

☞ All advertising due after first insertion.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
*One square	$ 4 50	$ 6 00	$10 00
Two squares	6 00	9 00	16 00
Three squares	8 00	12 00	20 00
Quarter column	14 00	20 00	35 00
Half column	18 00	25 00	45 00
One column	30 00	45 00	80 00

*One square to occupy one inch of space.

JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has just been refitted with a Power Press and new type, and everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.—TERMS CASH.

☞ All letters should be addressed to

MEYERS & MENGEL,
Publishers.

New Advertisements.

OFFICE OF THE CONNELLSVILLE and SOUTHERN PA. R. R. Co.,
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19, 1867.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company, No. 230 South 3d street, on Wednesday, March 6, 1867, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of electing a President and twelve Directors to serve the ensuing year.

J. J. BARCLAY, Sec'y.

mar1w1.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, on the estate of Samuel Snyder, late of Middle Woodberry township, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them duly authenticated for settlement.

mar1w6 ISAAC L. SNYDER, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Peter Wagner late of M. Woodberry township, Bedford county, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims thereon will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

mar1w6 DANIEL BARLEY, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of William Stahl, late of Bedford Borough, dec'd.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims thereon will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

PETER H. SHIRES, Adm'r.
mar1w6 SAM'L. STAHL, Amr's.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, Guardian of the minor children of Henry Miller, jr., late of Cumberland Valley township, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, MARCH 30th, 1867, the following described real estate, viz: A small tract of land in Cumberland Valley township, Bedford county, Pa., containing two acres and sixty-five perches, with a story and a-half Plank House, a Still House, also a story and a-half high, with two stills and other articles necessary for a distillery thereon erected, adjoining lots of Elizabeth Haney and D. R. Anderson on the North, Benj. F. Brunner on the Southwest, also lots of Sarah Anderson, William Deremore and John McMullen.

TERMS: One-third in hand at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, a. m., of said day. HENRY ROSE, Guardian.

mar1w4

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, Guardian of Martha Weimer and Matilda Weimer, minor children of Daniel Weimer, late of Monroe township, Bedford county, deceased, will sell, upon the premises, at public sale, on SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1867, a tract of land situated in said township and county, containing 130 acres, about 30 acres of which are cleared and under fence, the balance being well timbered, having thereon erected a TWO-STORY LOG HOUSE and Log Stable, adjoining lands of Israel Morris, John Kissel, John L. and James Grove, Israel Morris, jr., and others.

TERMS: One-third in hand at confirmation of sale and the balance in two equal annual payments to be secured by judgment bonds.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, of said day, when due attendance will be given by

DANIEL FLETCHER,
Guardian of Minor Children of
mar1w4 Daniel Weimer, dec'd.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Samuel Armstrong, late of Snake Spring township, dec'd, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 23d day of MARCH, 1867, the following described real estate, situate in said township, to wit: All that certain TRACT OF LAND, adjoining lands of Jacob Snider, John Armstrong, Isaac Ritchey, and others, containing 137 acres and 153 perches, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, and having a good TWO-STORY STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn and other necessary outbuildings thereon erected; balance of tract well timbered. There is also a good SAW-MILL on the property, convenient to plenty of fine timber, in the neighborhood. The land is well supplied with running water, and there is also an orchard of choice fruit upon the premises.

TERMS: One-third in hand at confirmation of sale and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter, without interest. Possession given on the first of April next. Deed to be made after confirmation of sale and judgment notes given for the two last payments.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, of said day.

DANIEL R. SNYDER,
JOHN ARMSTRONG,
mar1w4 Adm'rs of Sam'l Armstrong, dec'd.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—The subscribers, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Artemas Bennett, late of Southampton township, Bedford county, dec'd, will offer at public sale, at the Forks of Fifteen Mile Creek, in Southampton tp., on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th and 20th days of March next, the following Real Estate, late the property of said deceased, viz: ONE TRACT OF LAND situate in said township, adjoining lands of Abraham S. Bennett, Abner Tewell and Moses Tewell, containing 179 acres and 50 perches nett measure. This tract is mountain land, has on it a log dwelling house and some cleared land, and will be sold on the 19th. One other TRACT OF LAND in the same township, adjoining lands of Daniel S. Bennett, George S. Bennett, and others, containing 88 acres and 150 perches, nett. This tract is situate on the forks of Fifteen Mile Creek, and has thereon erected two log dwelling houses, a double log barn, shedded all round, with two large threshing floors, and outbuildings; about 35 or 40 acres cleared and in cultivation, and will be sold on the 19th, on the premises. One other TRACT OF LAND, in the same township, known as the "Wigfield tract," adjoining lands of James Murphy, Philip Moss' heirs and others, containing 67 acres and 12 perches, and will be sold on the 19th. Also one TRACT OF TIMBER LAND, on Tussey's mountain, in the same township, adjoining lands of Solomon Smith and others, containing 258 acres and 7 perches, nett measure. This tract will be sold on the 19th. Also, TWO LOTS OF GROUND in Clearville, Monroe township, one containing 1 acre and 100 perches, and the other 57 perches, nett. These lots will be sold on the 20th, on the premises.

TERMS: One-half in hand on the 1st of April, when possession will be given, the balance in one year without interest.

☞ Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on the 19th, and 1 o'clock, P. M., on the 20th.

GEORGE S. BENNETT,
mar1w3 ARTEMAS S. BENNETT.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP R.R. —TIME TABLE.—Express Train leaves Mt. Dallas at 1.30 p. m., and arrives at Huntindon, at 4.45 p. m.; leaves Huntingdon at 7.50 a. m., and arrives at Mt. Dallas, at 11.15 a. m.

Accommodation Train leaves Huntington at 4.04 p. m., and arrives at Saxton, 5.45 p. m.; leaves Saxton, at 9.43 a. m., and arrives at Huntingdon, at 11.22 a. m. jan18.

New Advertisements.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With stary eyes, and radient hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft, entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and postpaid for $1. Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & co., chemists.
No. 3 West Fayette street, SYRACUSE, N. Y.
mar1,'67y1

REPARATOR CAPILLI.

Throw away your false frizzes, your switches, your wig—
Destructive of comfort, and not worth a fig;
Come aged, come youthful, come ugly and fair,
And rejoice in your own luxuriant hair.

REPARATOR CAPILLI

For restoring hair upon bald heads (from whatever cause it may have fallen out) and forcing a growth of hair upon the face, it has no equal. It will force the beard to grow upon the smoothest face in from five to eight weeks, or hair upon bald heads in from two to three months. A few ignorant practitioners have asserted that there is nothing that will force or hasten the growth of the hair or beard. Their assertions are false, as thousands of living witnesses (from their own experience) can bear witness. But many will say how are we to distinguish the genuine from the spurious? It certainly is difficult, as nine-tenths of the different preparations advertised for the hair and beard are entirely worthless, and you may have already thrown away large amounts in their purchase. To such we would say, try the Reparator Capilli; it will cost you nothing unless it fully comes up to our representations. If your druggist does not keep it, send us one dollar and we will forward it, postpaid, together with a receipt for the money, which will be returned you on application, provided entire satisfaction is not given. Address

W. L. CLARK & co., chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette street, SYRACUSE, N. Y.
mar1,'67y1

ASTROLOGY.

The World Astonished

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

MADAME H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives your name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secresy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
mar1,'67y1 P. O. Drawer, 293 BUFFALO, N. Y.

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S
WHITE LIQUID
ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion.

The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Blotches, Pimples, Moth Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use cannot be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & co., chemists,
mar1,'67y1 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

AFFLICTED!

SUFFER NO MORE!

When by the use of Dr. JOINVILLE'S ELIXIR you can be cured permanently and at a trifling cost.

The astonishing success which has attended this invaluable medicine for Physical and Nervous Weakness, General Debility and Prostration, Loss of Muscular Energy, Impotency, or any of the consequences of youthful indiscretion, renders it the most valuable preparation ever discovered.

It will remove all nervous affections, depression, excitement, incapacity to study or business, loss of memory, confusion, thoughts of self destruction, fears of insanity, &c. It will restore the appetite, renew the health of those who have destroyed it by sensual excess or evil practises.

Young Men, be humbugged no more by "Quack Doctors" and ignorant practitioners, but send without delay for the Elixir, and be at once restored to health and happiness. A perfect cure is Guaranteed in every instance. Price, $1, or four bottles to one address, $3.

One bottle is sufficient to effect a cure in all ordinary cases.

Also, Dr. JOINVILLE'S SPECIFIC PILLS, for the speedy and permanent cure of Gonnorrhea, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, Gravel, Stricture, and all affections of the Kidneys and Bladder. Cures effected in from one to five days. They are prepared from vegetable extracts that are harmless on the system, and never nauseate the stomach or impregnate the breath. No change of diet is necessary while using them, nor does their action in any manner interfere with business pursuits.—Price, $1 per box.

Either of the above mentioned mentioned articles will be sent to any address, closely sealed, and postpaid, by mail or express, on receipt of price. Address all orders to

BERGER SHUTTS & co., chemists,
mar1,'67y1 No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

WHISKERS
AND
MUSTACHES!

Forced to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all persons will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & co., chemists, No 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

mar1,'67y1

BEAUTY!
AUBURN, GOLDEN, FLAXEN & SILKEN CURLS,

Produced by the use of Prof. DE BREUX' FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & co., chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y., Sole agents for the United States. mar1,'67y1

EXCELSIOR! | EXCELSIOR!!

CHASTELLAR'S
HAIR EXTERMINATOR,
FOR REMOVING SUPERFLUOUS HAIR.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensible article to female beauty, is easily applied does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depiliatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent postpaid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by BERGER, SHUTTS & co., chemists,
mar1,'67y1 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

J. L. LEWIS having purchased the Drug Store, lately owned by Mr. H. C. Reamer takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he has just returned from the cities with a well selected stock of

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
DYE-STUFFS,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES,
STATIONERY,
COAL OIL, LAMPS
AND CHIMNEYS,
BEST BRANDS OF CIGARS
SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO
FRENCH CONFECTIONS, &c., &c.

The stock of Drugs and Medicines consist of the purest quality, and selected with great care.

General assortment of popular Patent Medicines.

The attention of the Ladies is particularly invited to the stock of PERFUMERY, TOILET and FANCY ARTICLES, consisting of the best perfumes of the day. Colognes, Soaps, Preparations for the Hair, Complexion and Teeth; Camphor ice for chapped hands; Teeth and Hair Brushes, Port Monaies, &c.

Of Stationery, there is a fine assortment: Billet, Note, Letter, Leaf and Mourning Paper, Envelops, Pens, Pencils, Ink, Blank Deeds, Power of Attorneys, Drafting Paper, Marriage Certificates, &c., &c. Also, a large quantity of Books, which will be sold very cheap.

Coal Oil Lamp Hinge Burner, can be lighted without removing the chimney—all patterns and prices. Glass Lanterns, very neat, for burning Coal Oil. Lamp chimneys of an improved pattern. Lamp Shades of beautiful patterns.

Howe's Family Dye Colors, the shades being light Fawn, Drab, Snuff and Dark Brown, Light and Dark Blue, Light and Dark Green, Yellow, Pink, Orange, Royal Purple, Scarlet, Maroon, Magenta, Cherry and Black

Humphrey's Homeopathic Remedies.

Cigars of best brands, smokers can rely on a good cigar.

Rose Smoking Tobacco,
Michigan and Solace Fine Cut,
Natural Leaf, Twist and Big Plug,
Finest and purest French Confections,
PURE DOMESTIC WINES,
Consisting of Grape, Blackberry and Elderberry
FOR MEDICINAL USE.

☞ The attention of physicians is invited to the stock of *Drugs and Medicines*, which they can purchase at reasonable prices.

Country Merchants' orders promptly filled. Goods put up with neatness and care, and at reasonable prices.

J. L. LEWIS designs keeping a first class Drug Store, and having on hand at all times a general assortment of goods. Being a Druggist of several years experience, physicians can rely on having their prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. [Feb 9, '66—tf

Clothing, etc.

RALLY! RALLY! RALLY!

Come one, come all,

and examine

THE EXCELLENT STOCK OF GOODS

AT LIPPEL'S

CLOTHING EMPORIUM AND FURNISHING STORE.

A rare chance is offered to ALL to purchase good and seasonable goods, at the lowest prices, by calling at Lippel's.

If you would have a good suit of Ready-Made Clothing call at Lippel's.

If you would have good and cheap
Ladies' Dress Goods,
Calicoes,
Muslins,
&c., &c., &c.,
Call at Lippel's.

If you would have furnishing goods of all descriptions, notions, etc., call at Lippel's.

If you would have the best quality of Groceries, buy them at Lippel's.

Goods of all kinds, sold at the most reasonable prices, and country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods, at Lippel's,

sep.28,'66.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM.—GEO. REIMUND, Merchant Tailor, Bedford, Pa., keeps constantly on hand ready-made clothing, such as coats, pants, vests, &c.; also a general assortment of cloths, cassimeres, and gents' furnishing goods of all kinds; also calicoes, muslins, &c., all of which *will be sold low for cash*. My room is a few doors west of Fyan's store and opposite Rush's marble yard. I invite *all* to give me a call. I have just received a stock of new goods.

may25,'66.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Henry Keyser, late deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims thereon, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

feb22w6 WILLIAM KEYSER, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, on the estate of Henry Whetstone, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

feb15w6 LEWIS HOWSARE, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Helen Hinton, late of Union township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HIRAM DAVIS, Adm'r,
feb15w6 St. Clair tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of Christian Harcleroad, late of Bedford township, deceased.

All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make immediate payment.

jan25w6 JOHN HARCLEROAD, Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford County, upon the estate of John B. Kochendorfer, late of South Woodberry township, deceased.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN Z. KOCHENDORFER,
jan25w6 JAC. Z. KOCHENDORFER, Adm'rs.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of Sophia McFarland, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

feb.8w6 DANIEL McFARLAND, Adm'r.

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!!

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

O. E. SHANNON,
feb15w3 Bedford, Pa.

MERCHANTS' SHOW BILLS, printed in superior style, and upon reasonable terms, at THE BEDFORD GAZETTE office.

Fancy Stores.

MRS. E. V. MOWRY has just returned from the East with a fine stock of

* * * * * * * * *

MILLINERY
AND
FANCY GOODS,

* * * * * * * * *

and has now opened a handsome variety of WINTER BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, &c., &c., of the very latest styles. Also, a variety of

DRESS GOODS,

French Merinos, plaid wool deLaines, Alpacas, Muslin deLaines, Ginghams, Calicos, Canton Flannel, Frannells, Opera and plaid Flannels, Cloths for coats and sacks, Ladies' and Children's FURS, Sacks, Coats, Cloaks and Shawls; Breakfast Shawls Sontags, Woolen Hoods, &c.; Balmoral and Hoop SKIRTS, and Corsets; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Kid GLOVES, Ladies' buckskin Gauntlets, cloth and fleece-lined Gloves, for ladies and children; Lace and Crape VEILS, Barege and Grenadine for Veils. Pocket Handkerchiefs. Neck-Ties, Combs, Brushes, Soaps. PERFUMERY, Eureka Hair Restorative, Mrs. Hill's Hair Restorative. DRESS TRIMMINGS, WIGANS AND BUTTONS. Also, all kinds of Notions and Toys. Also, the very best made and finest Ladies' and Children's SHOES that can be bought in Philadelphia.

Mrs. MOWRY is determined to sell her Goods, and do her work as CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST. She hopes her friends and patrons will call and examine her stock, as she is satisfied that they will recommend themselves, in QUALITY and PRICE, to refined tastes and good judgment. nv2m3

MRS. V. B. TATE. MISS M. REA.

NEW FALL STYLES!—Mrs. Tate has just returned from the East with a splendid selection of

BONNETS, HATS, FEATHERS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS, SILKS, VELVETS,
and everything belonging to a
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

We would call your particular attention to our

FALL STOCK
OF
LADIES' DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
of Mrs. Tate's own selection, such as
ORNAMENTS, BUTTONS,
GUIPURE AND CHERRY LACES,
CORDS, TASSELS, FRINGES,
VELVET RIBBONS, BELTING,
and TRIMMINGS generally.

Mrs. TATE and Miss REA flatter themselves that their LATE NOVELTIES will not be surpassed by any. Giving their personal attention to all the branches of their department; the acknowledged superiority as regards their reliability and the patronage extended them, renders comment unnecessary.

Mrs. Tate procured, while in Philadelphia, a FIRST-CLASS DRESS-MAKER, who is now ready to make Dresses, Cloaks, and Children's Wear. Ladies may rely on being artistically fitted, and their work finished in the most prompt and efficient manner, at the lowest possible price. Cutting and Basting done at short notice.

☞ Girls wanting to learn Mantua-Making will apply immediately, as a fine opportunity is given them. oct19tf

NEW GOODS!—M. C. FETTERLY has just received a splendid assortment of Fancy Dry Goods, consisting in part of Fancy Dress Goods, Silks, French Merinos, Alpacca, Delaines, Flannels, Muslins, Prints, Cloaking Cloth, Cloaks, Furs, Shawls, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Hosiery, Gloves, Dress Trimmings, Fancy Buttons, Velvets, Ladies' Dress Caps, a handsome assortment of Embroideries, Mourning and Lace Goods, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, with a great variety of other notions, &c., &c. The stock consists of every article usually kept in a first class Fancy Store. Thankful for past favors, we ask a continuance of your patronage.

nov.9,'66,-y1.

Boots, Shoes and Varieties.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN BEDFORD!

THE REGULATOR
AND BEDFORD
CLOTHING EMPORIUM
IN ADVANCE OF ALL OTHERS.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS!

CLOTHING, CASSIMERS, HATS of all kinds laid in at prices to suit the times.

If you want a good Coat go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Boots, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Vest, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Shoes, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good p'r Pants, go to the Regulator
If you want a suit of Clothes, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Shirt, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Hat, go to the Regulator.
If you want a good Gaiter or Shoe go to the Reg'r.
If you want good Cassimere, go to the Regulator.
If you want a variety of Notions, go to the Reg'r.
If you want a fashionable Coat, go to the Regulator
If you want fashionable Pants & Vests go to the Regulator.
If you want a fashionable Suit, go to the Regulator.
If you want Queensware or Glassware, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Spices of any kind, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Flavoring Extracts, go to the Regulator.
If you want good Toilet Soap or Perfumery, go the Regulator.
If you want good Hosiery, Gloves, Neck-ties collars, &c., go to the Regulator.

If you want any thing in our line, go to the Bedford Clothing Emporium and Boot, Shoe and Notion Regulator, No. 2, Anderson's Row.

Goods of all kinds ordered from the Eastern cities to accommodate customers.

H. F. IRVINE,
Sept. 7, 1866. R. W. BERKSTRESSER.

Notices, &c.

FOR SALE—VERY LOW—a second hand PIANO. Inquire of
apr.13,'66.-tf. C. N. HICKOK.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.—The undersigned has the blanks now ready and will attend promptly to the collection of all claims under the law lately passed for the Equalization of Bounties.

aug.17-tf. J. W. DICKERSON.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The stockholders of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company, are requested to meet at the house of A. J. Snively, in the borough of Schellsburg, on the first Monday of March, between the house of twelve and one o'clock, to elect five Managers for the ensuing year.

feb15w3 A. E. SCHELL, Sec'y.

AN ELECTION WILL BE HELD at the Public House of Emanuel Brosius, in the borough of McConnellsburg, on Monday the 4th day of March, next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 1 o'clock, P. M., for five Managers of the Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike Road Company, for the ensuing year.

feb22w2 T. B. KENNEDY, Prest.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.—The undersigned, Commissioners of Bedford county, WILL LET, on the premises, to the lowest and best bidder, on FRIDAY, MARCH 8th, 1867, a ROOFED BRIDGE to be built across the Juniata, at the town of Hopewell, in Broad Top township. Plans and specifications will be exhibited at Hopewell on the day of letting

MICHAEL WERTZ,
MICHAEL S. RITCHEY,
DAVID HOWSARE,
Commissioners.
Attest:
JOHN G. FISHER, Clerk.
feb22w3

50 TONS PLASTER FOR SALE AT "CRYSTAL STEAM MILLS," Bedford, Pa., at lowest market rates. "The Crystal Steam Mills" being now in full operation, we are prepared to do all kinds of "Grist work," and to furnish all kinds of good Flour and feed, at short notice. Rye, Corn, Buckwheat, &c., ground on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Grists delivered in town, with dispatch. Having spared no expense in the erection of these Mills, we are determined to try to please, and so licit a SHARE of public patronage.

JOHN G. & WM. HARTLEY.

N. B. The highest market price paid for grain of all kinds. jan18m3.

Dry-Goods, Groceries, &c.

* * * * * * * * *

NEW GOODS! FALL & WINTER!

The undersigned have now opened a large and general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

to which they respectfully invite the attention of buyers, confident they can offer

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
BARGAINS!
BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
In every department.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. ☜

You can be SUITED at the LOWEST PRICES.

TERMS:

☞ CASH or PRODUCE. When credit is ☜
☞ given, in ALL cases after SIX ☜
☞ MONTHS, interest will be ☜
☞ charged in the ☜
☞ account. ☜

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

* * * * * * * * *

oct26

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS

A large and complete stock of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
just received and opened at J. M. SHOEMAKER'S, No. 1 Anderson's Row—bought just at the right time.

The following comprise a few of our goods:

DRY GOODS:

Calicoes, Delaines, Coburg Cloths, French Merinoes, Alpacas, Flannels, Ginghams, all wool Delaines, all colors, large stock of bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Tweeds, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES:

A large assortment of Men's and Boys' Boots and Shoes Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, all prices, and sizes to suit everybody.

CLOTHING:

A very large stock of Men's and Boys' Coats, Pants and Vests, all sizes, and prices to suit the times.

HATS AND CAPS:

A complete assortment of all kinds, sizes and prices.

GROCERIES, SPICES, &c.:

Coffee, Sugar, Lovering and other Syrups, Molasses, Tea, Rice, Tobacco, Spices, &c.

LEATHER:

A prime article Sole Leather, Calf Skins, Kip and Upper Leather and Linings.

COTTON CHAINS,

Single and Double, all numbers, cheap.

CEDAR AND WILLOW WARE,

Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Baskets, &c.

Call and see our stock of Goods and be convinced that No. 1 Anderson's Row, is the place to get bargains. J. M. SHOEMAKER.

sep.28,'66.

NEW STORE!! NEW GOODS!!
—AT—
MILL-TOWN,

two miles West of Bedford, where the subscriber has opened out a splendid assortment of

Dry-Goods,
Groceries,
Notions,
&c., &c.

All which will be sold at the most reasonable prices.

Dress Goods, best quality. Everybody buys 'em.
Muslins, " " Everybody buys 'em
Groceries, all kinds. Everybody buys 'em.
Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Cedarware, &c.
and a general variety of everything
usually kept in a country store.
Everybody buys 'em.

☞ Call and examine our goods.

dec7,'66. G. YEAGER.

1867. — J. B. F. —1867.

AT IT AGAIN!
AND
A rare CHANCE for BARGAINS!

JAMES B. FARQUHAR

Is pleased to state to his friends and former customers, that he has

RESUMED BUSINESS IN BEDFORD,

at the well known P. A. Reed stand, opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he is prepared to sell everything in his line,

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

He has a full line of

Dry-Goods,
Ready-Made Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,

which have been purchased at very low prices, and will be sold at a very small advance.

☞ Call and examine our stock.

jan,18,'67.

Bankers.

JACOB REED, | J. J. SCHELL,

REED AND SCHELL,
Bankers and
DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PA.,

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

RUPP & SHANNON, BANKERS,
BEDFORD, PA.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. feb8

LADIES VISITING PHILADELPHIA should call and get some of PERRY'S FINE NOTE PAPERS, stamped handsomely, in colors, without extra charge. W. G. PERRY,
feb1m3 728 Arch st.

BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY, supplied at low wholesale prices, by W. G. PERRY,
*feb1m3 728 Arch St.

THE AMERICAN COW-MILKING MACHINE.

THE GREATEST AND MOST SUCCESSFUL INVENTION OF THE AGE.

Every prudent farmer shall have one.
Secure your OWN territory.
☞ Apply early at the office,
EXCHANGE BUILDING,
feb15w3 Harrisburg, Pa.

MAMMOTH SALE BILLS, printed at short notice. Large Bills make large sales. We know it to be so. TRY IT! It will much more than pay the *extra expense* of printing. Call at THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE.

Real Estate Sales.

SPLENDID FARM FOR SALE— 7 miles from Bedford, containing ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES, 125 acres under cultivation, half creek bottom; well watered; excellent Brick House and Frame Barn; plenty of good timber; convenient to schools, churches and mills. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of

MEYERS & DICKERSON,
oct26tf Bedford, Pa.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.— 200 acres, situate in Liberty Township, Bedford County, on the Juniata river and Huntingdon & Broad Top Rail Road. Well improved fine meadows, fruit and timber—a very desirable property, at the head of market—the property of Capt. Joseph S. Reed. Will be sold cheap—For price, &c., apply to JOHN P. REED,
aug.24-tf. Att'y, at Bedford.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE, —The undersigned offers for sale the following valuable bodies of land:

THREE CHOICE TRACTS OF LAND, containing 160 acres each, situated on the Illinois Central Railroad, in Champaign county, State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and one mile from Rentual Station on said Railroad. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never-failing pond of water upon it. The city of Urbana contains about 4,000 inhabitants. Champaign is the greatest wheat growing county in Illinois.

ALSO—*One-fourth of a tract of land*, situated in Broad Top township, Bedford county, containing about 45 acres, with all the coal veins of Broad Top running through it.

ALSO—*Three Lots in the town of Coalmont*, Huntingdon county.

Jan 26, '66—tf F. C. REAMER.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.—One lot of ground in the centre of Bloody Run, fronting on Main street about sixty-five feet, one of the very best business locations in Bloody Run. Also, ten acres of wood land, adjacent to Bloody Run, lying on the Bedford Rail Road, containing first rate iron ore and having thereon a never-failing spring of water.

For particulars inquire at the store of Mrs. S. E. Mann, Bloody Run, or of Dr. Hickok, Bedford, Pa.

Dec 15, '65.

EXTENSIVE PRIVATE SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—The undersigned will sell at private sale, several adjoining and contiguous tracts of land, lying on the headwaters of Dunning's Creek, in St. Clair township, Bedford county, containing 765 acres, now divided into four tracts, three tracts thereof containing respectively 157, 163, and 183 acres and the other, being the Saw Mill tract, containing 262 acres. These tracts will be sold as they are or subdivided to suit purchasers.

The saw mill tract contains a FIRST CLASS SAW MILL, with a never-failing head of water, and is in the midst of a TIMBER REGION unsurpassed for the quality of timber. One other of the tracts contains an enviable site for a TANYARD, with all the advantages of water, and is alongside of Chestnut Ridge, where the resources for Bark are inexhaustible.

100 acres of the land is bottom, mostly covered by large sugar trees. 300 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the balance well timbered.

There are THREE DWELLING HOUSES, upon the premises and THREE BARNS, with other outbuildings. The Fruit is choice and in abundance upon some of these tracts. This property lies 12 miles North of Bedford, and in a country noted for its good roads, leading North, South, East and West, to Bedford, Hollidaysburg, Johnstown, and other points, on the Penn'a Central Railroad.

Farmers, Lumbermen, Tanners and Speculators should examine the premises, as these lands will be sold on fair and reasonable terms.

T. H. LYONS,
jun8,'66. N. J. LYONS.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Martin Hoover, late of Liberty township, dec'd, will offer at public sale, upon the premises, on FRIDAY, the 22d day of MARCH, 1867, the following described real estate, viz:

No. 1. A message, being the mansion house and tract of land situate in the township of Liberty, in the county of Bedford, containing one hundred and eighty-two acres, more or less, well improved and well watered, adjoining lands of Samuel Harvey, Geo. F. Steel and others, and having thereon erected a SAW MILL with CHOPPING MILL attached, the saw-mill containing circular, lath and upright saws, and situate upon a good stream of water; there are also a turning-lathe and cider mill attached to the saw-mill. There are a tenant house, dry house and other outbuildings upon the premises. 150 acres are cleared and under fence, part of the farm being limestone soil. There are also a carpenter shop, blacksmith shop and a mill for grinding clay upon it.

No. 2. One tract of wood land situated in said township, containing six hundred acres, more or less, adjoining lands of decedent and others.

No. 3. One tract of land situated in said township, containing six hundred and thirty-two acres and thirty perches, more or less, 20 acres cleared, and having thereon a small orchard, adjoining lands of James Patton and others. Upon these two last tracts there is an almost unlimited quantity of excellent timber. The whole is well watered.

The above described real estate is pleasantly situated in a fine agricultural district, at the very head of railroad market, where all produce raised can be sold at the highest prices; and as the saw mill is one of the finest in the county, and there is a large quantity of valuable yellow pine and oak on the same, and the transportation to railroad is quite convenient, it is considered a valuable point for the manufacturing of lumber; besides there is an immense quantity of rock oak bark on the premises. It is believed that the lumber and bark capacity of the premises, alone, is worth all the money the property will sell for. The particular attention of farmers and lumbermen is invited; as the water-power is of great strength, the mill site is very valuable, and quite a profitable chopping business can now be done in addition to the manufacturing of lumber. The property is likely to sell at a very moderate price.

TERMS:—One half cash at the confirmation of the sale and the remainder in one year from that time.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day.

GEORGE HOOVER,
JOHN H. DILLING,
feb15w4 Adm'rs of Martin Hoover, dec'd.

Philadelphia Trade.

ARMBRUSTER & BROTHER,
No. 306 N. Third St., above Vine,
PHILADELPHIA,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS
Of Hoisiery, Gloves, Shirts and Drawers, Buttons, Suspenders, Hoop Skirts, Handkerchiefs, Threads, Sewing Silks, Port Monnaies Soaps, Perfumery, Trimmings, Fancy Goods and Notions generally.
ALSO,
Manufacturers of Brushes and Looking Glasses, and Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Ropes, Twines, &c.
feb1,'67y1

DR. TAYLOR,

Wholesale TOBACCO Dealer,
No. 336 Market Street,
One Door below 4th.
PHILADELPHIA.
feb.1,'67y1

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO SNUFF AND SEGAR
MANUFACTORY,
No. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN. E. P. ENGELMAN.
feb1,'67y1

BUNTING BROS.,
DRY-GOODS,
428 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
feb1,'67y1

ORDERS from a distance for any kind of JOB PRINTING promptly attended to. Send to THE GAZETTE JOB OFFICE, Bedford, Pa.

Hotel.

BEDFORD HOTEL.—The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hafer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.

Jan. 15, '64

THE MENGEL HOUSE,

Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that he has recently enlarged, improved and refitted his house, both for the accommodation of travelers and boarders, as well as country customers. Persons coming to this place for the purpose of visiting the Bedford Springs, will find this house pleasantly located.

Ample and convenient Stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also a safe and convenient carriage house.

All are invited to give him a call.

ISAAC MENGEL, Proprietor.

April 15, '64.

MORRISON HOUSE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

I have purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public.—The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.

may25,'66.-tf.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

The undersigned would respectfully announce that they have leased the above named hotel for a term of years. The house is delightfully situated, convenient to the Penna. Railroad Depot and well arranged and adapted for a public hotel. The proprietors intend that their table shall not be second to that of any country hotel, and their bar will always be provided with the choicest liquors. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. FEE & AULTZ.

Huntingdon, Pa., Jan 4, 1867.—1y.

UNION HOTEL,

WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA:

V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.

This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms.

May 9, '62.

WEAVER HOTEL, *St. Clairsville, Pa.*—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has leased the hotel lately kept by Mr. S. Crissman, St Clairsville, Pa., where he will accommodate all who may favor him with their custom.

jun8.-3m. HENRY WEAVER.

JACKSON HOTEL,

Railroad Street,

HUNTINGDON, Pa.

C. SNELL.

apr.13,'66. Proprietor.

$1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents every where to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years.—Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements*, and the *seller* or *user* are *liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment*. Circulars *free*. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ills. [Dec. 22, '65—1y

$90 A MONTH! Agents wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. [Dec. 22, '65—1y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name of J. B. Williams & Brother, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons owing accounts or notes to said firm will please call and settle immediately, as in a short time they will be placed in other hands for collection.

J. B. WILLIAMS,
S. D. WILLIAMS.

Bloody Run, March 15, '66.

The undersigned having taken the stand heretofore occupied by J. B. Williams & Brother, wishes to say to his friends that he feels grateful for past favors and begs a continuance of the same. But will give notice that he cannot sell goods on long credits, and persons buying must not leave their accounts stand over six months.

J. B. WILLIAMS.

Bloody Run, March 15, '66.

PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the

ERIE PUMP—
certainly the only pump
well adapted to this
climate

☞Persons in need of a
GOOD PUMP,
will do well to give me a call.

☞Orders from all parts of the county attended to with promptness.

ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg

Aug. 1, '65—1y

1866. PHILADELPHIA 1866.

WALL PAPERS.
NEW FALL STYLES.
HOWELL & BOURKE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PAPER HANGINGS, and WINDOW SHADES,
Corner FOURTH & MARKET STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. Always in Store, a large Stock of
oct 5-3m* LINEN & OIL SHADES.

WANTED, AGENTS!!—Great chance for Agents in every county of our glorious Union, to sell our Maps, Charts and Photographs. Good Agents are making $200 a month. New charts issued monthly. Everybody will find this a respectable and profitable business, as we offer large inducements. Send for circular and particulars. Address

HAASIS & LUBRECHT,
Publishers of popular Maps, Charts, etc.,
nov2w2 108 Liberty St., New York.

HENRY HARPER,

No. 520 ARCH Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Has a large Stock of fine
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SILVER-WARE and
SILVER PLATED WARE,
Suitable for Holiday and Bridal PRESENTS.
nov.16.—m2.

AGENTS WANTED

FOR THE MOST POPULAR

And best selling Subscription Books published.

We are the most extensive publishers in the United States, (having six houses,) and therefore can afford to sell books cheaper and pay agents a more liberal commission than any other company.

Our books do not pass through the hands of General Agents, (as nearly all other subscription works do,) therefore we are enabled to give our canvassers the extra per cent. which is usually allowed to General Agents. Experienced canvassers will see the advantages of dealing directly with the publishers.

Our series embraces the most popular works on all subjects of importance, and is selling rapidly both North and South.

Old agents, and all others, who want the best paying agencies, will please send for circulars and see our terms, and compare them and the character of our works with those of other publishers.

Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co.
Philadelphia, Pa., Boston, Mass., Cincinnati, Ohio, Chicago, Illinois, St. Louis, Mo., or Richmond, Va. nov30w4.

MERCHANTS and MECHANICS, and Business men generally will advance their own interests by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

SLIP BILLS, PROGRAMMES, POSTERS, and all kinds of PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING, done with neatness and despatch, at THE GAZETTE office.

H. F. IRVINE, ANDERSON'S ROW, BEDFORD, PA.. Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Queensware, and Varieties. ☞Orders from Country Merchants respectfully solicited.
Oct 26, 1866.

Medical.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay to any Doctor or member of the Medical Fraternity, the sum of $100 for any Compound that possesses more medicinal virtues and curative powers than Mishler's Herb Bitters.

B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y. Lancaster. Pa.

$100 REWARD!

I will pay $100 Reward for the discovery of any medicinal preparation that can cure a greater variety of complaints than Mishler's Herb Bitters.

B. MISHLER, Proprietor,
S. E. Corner of Centre Square,
may11.—1y Lancaster, Pa.

500 DOLLARS REWARD!

I will pay $500 to the Proprietor of any Medicine that can show a greater number of genuine Certificates of cures effected by it near the place where it is made, than MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS—of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bloody Flux, Diarrhœa, Typhoid, Remittent, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Cholera Morbus, Yellow Jaundice, Scrofula, Running or Sore Legs, Cancer, Abscess, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Coughs, Colds, Cramp in the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Tetter, Scald Head, Ophnema, or falling away-sickness peculiar to children, Leucorrhea, Falling of the Womb, all obstructions to the due course of nature in females, all venerial diseases, and all complaints arising from impure Blood or a weak and disordered state of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. Certificates of cures of the Yellow Fever in Mexico can also be furnished. *Remember* if it does not cure, the money will be refunded by the proprietor.

BENJAMIN MISHLER,
E. Corner of Centre Square,
Lancaster, Pa.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

The ingredients used in compounding Mishler's Herb Bitters are not kept secret by the Proprietor. Send for a circular and you will learn the medical properties of all the articles used in its preparation; also in the manner in which they operate on the system, and much other valuable information. If you are afflicted with disease send for one of Mishler's Herb Bitters Circulars; read it carefully, profit by the hints it contains, and you will be placed on the sure road of recovery.

may11.—1y.

MISHLER'S BITTERS

WILL

CURE ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN!

Diseases of the skin are numerous and, with but one or two exceptions, may all be traced to impurity of the blood. In many persons this impurity is born in the system; while others acquire it through improper treatment of scores of diseases. Under this head may be classed—

1st, Scrofula,—This disease is hereditary and is transmitted from generation to generation. It is caused by a transgression of the laws of nature, both moral and physical; in other words, it is caused by *vice*. Acting as a latent poison, it reduces the vitality of the blood, and weakens the depurating organs, so that they fail to discharge or cast out the impurities that are continually generating in the system. A person physically pure acquires gonorhœa, or some other secret disease; he undergoes a course of mercury, the disease is dried up, and the patient pronounced well. Vain delusion. The complaint is not cured, its channel is only diverted. Instead of making its appearance outwardly, it acts on the internal organs, and scrofula, which is bequeathed from father to son, is the result. Many persons who are perfectly free from all immorality and vice are afflicted with scrofula. They are suffering for the sins of their fathers and laboring under the curse inscribed inscribed in the Book of Books. "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

To cure this dreadful complaint it is necessary that the blood should be thoroughly purified, all the organs of the body brought into a healthy state of action, and the system braced up and strengthened by invigorating tonics. Look at the articles used in compounding Mishler's Bitters; see the array of purifying and invigorating medicaments, and say whether there is an article in the whole list of medicines that equals it. We here emphatically assert, without fear of contradiction, that

Mishler's Bitters will Cure all kinds of Scrofulous Diseases.

It purifies the blood, it strengthens the internal organs and aids them to perform their natural functions, it is a stimulant and a tonic and it will cure Scrofula.

2d, Running Sores and Ulcers.—Running sores and ulcers invariably indicate a scrofulous taint. They are caused by the efforts of nature to discharge the impurities of the blood. Many persons afflicted with running sores and ulcers succeeded in drying them up and think they are cured when the skin grows over the sore. They are, however, "but making bad worse," for the impurities that were discharged from the system through the medium of the sore now act internally and cause innumerable diseases and often death. The only true and sure cure for all running sores and ulcers is Mishler's Bitters, a continued and persevering use of which will most certainly effect a *permanent cure*.

3d. Salt Rheum.—Salt Rheum is a vague, indefinite, though, popular term given to almost all the non-febrile eruptions of the skin which afflict adults. It is generally an eruption of vesicles in small, distinct ulcers, accompanied with a smarting, tingling sensation, with a tendency to creep or spread over the adjoining surface. Mishler's bitters are a sure cure for this disease.

4th. Pimples and Blotches.—Pimples and Blotches on the skin are always a sure sign of impure blood. Although never dangerous, except in cases of carbuncles, they are very disagreeable.—Often we will see the most handsome features rendered hideous by great blotches and pimples, and instead of the pleasing look which should irradiate the human face we see nothing but disgusting corruption; for pimples and blotches are nothing but the corrupt accumulations of the system expelled through the medium of the skin. The use of Mishler's Bitters will force these corruptions to be discharged through the natural channels, and thus cures all kinds of pimples and blotches. Ladies who desire a fair complexion, free from pimples should bear this fact in mind.

For sale by J. L. LEWIS, Druggist, Bedford, Pa.
may11.—1y.

LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND

J. W. BRADLEY'S
CELEBRATED PATENT
DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING)
SKIRT.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a silk or muslin dress, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any single spring Skirt.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

They will not bend or break like the single spring, but will preserve their perfect and graceful shape when three or four ordinary Skirts will have been thrown aside as useless. The Hoops are covered with double and twisted thread, and the bottom rods are not only double springs, but twice (or double) covered: preventing them from wearing out when dragging down stoops, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the Fashion Magazines as the STANDARD SKIRT of the Fashionable World!

To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in crinoline, viz. superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape and finish, flexibility, durability, comfort and economy, inquire for J. W. BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, or Double Spring Skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION.—To guard against imposition, be particular to notice that Skirts offered as "DUPLEX" have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs," upon the waistband—☞none others are genuine. Also notice that every Hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength, and a combination not to be found in any other Skirt.

For sale in all stores where first class Skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere. Manufactured by the sole owners of the patent,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade streets,
jan25'67m3 New York.

EYRE & LANDELL,

FOURTH and ARCH Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,

Have now completed their IMPROVEMENT and are now offering on the BEST of TERMS—
FULL STOCK OF FALL DRY GOODS.
Fine stock of SHAWLS,
Fine stock of SILKS,
Fine stock of DRESS GOODS,
Fine stock of WOOLLENS,
Fine stock of STAPLE GOODS,
Fine stock of FANCY GOODS.

☞New and desirable Goods daily received, and sold at small advance wholesale. oct 5-6t*

A RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED

ALL PERSONS
To display their Goods;
To sell their Goods:
To gather information;
To make known their wants;
&c., &c. &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,
by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

Publications.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.—New Volume begins January, 1866.

The ECLECTIC MAGAZINE is, as its name indicates, a *selection* from other magazines and periodicals. These selections are carefully made each month, from the entire range of foreign Periodicals. In this respect it is *entirely unlike other monthlies*, and has no rival. The following are some of the works from which selections are made:—

London Quarterly,
British Quarterly,
North British Review,
Pop. Science Review,
Saturday Review,
Leisure Hour,
Westminster Review,
Dub. University Magazine,
Art Journal.

Revue de deux Mondes,
London Society,
Bentley's Miscellany,
Cornhill Magazine,
Fraser's Magazine,
Temple Bar,
Chambers' Journal,
Edinburg Review,
London National Rev.

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[*From the Philad'a Evening Bulletin, Mar.*, 10.]

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Oct. 26, '66—1y.

Miscellaneou.

1867.—"THE WORLD."—1867.

The attention of the public is invited to the claims of "The World" as one of the leading public journals of the country. It is the chief organ of the Democratic Party of the United States, and the foremost advocate of the immediate restoration of the Union. Its highest merits consists in its character as an enterprising and trustworthy newspaper.

The next year bids fair to be a more critical one in the history of our free institutions than even any eventful ones that have preceded it. The first requsite for an intelligent judgment of public affairs is a full and authentic account of facts as they transpire. These THE WORLD always aims to give with consciencious accuracy, and with equal fullness and fidelity, whether they make for or against its own views of public policy. Prompt activity in spreading before its readers every kind of news in which any part of the public takes an interst, is the first duty of a newspaper, and the facilities of THE WORLD for discharging this obligation are unsurpassed by those of any journal in the United States. Whatever else it may fail in, it certainly will not fail to furnish the news, nor to supply it with such promptitude, spirit, freshness, abundance, variety, accuracy and candor, that no class of readers can miss anything of interest which they wish to find. THE WORLD will publish documents and arguments prepared by political foes just as freely as those prepared by political friends; making its own comments on them, of course, but never suppressing or garbling them because they are calculated to damage its own party. Adverse arguments, which it cannot refute, it is content to leave to make their full impression. THE WORLD adopts this rule because it believes no other is honest; because it conceives that its first duty to its readers is to keep them thoroughly informed on every passing subject of importance. In politics, THE WORLD will continue to be the bold advocate of a Liberal, Progressive Democracy. The unflinching champion of Freedom, Justice, Order and Constitutional Rights. The inspiration of its politics is Freedom restrained by Justice; or, to speak more strictly, Freedom pure and simple, in the largest collective measure; the office of justice being merely to protect freedom from encroachments; Freedom of the individual citizen in his rights of thought, speech, religion and locomotion; in his Right to choose his own food and drink, in spite of meddlesome temperance laws; in his Right to make any money bargains he thinks proper, in spite of foolish usury laws; in his Right to buy and sell in all markets, domestic and foreign, in spite of unjust protective tariffs; in his Right to representation in the legislative bodies which tax him, in spite of unconstitutional exclusions; Freedom of collective citizens to assemble for discussion of grievances; Freedom of all local communities to manage their local affairs without central interference; Freedom in every section of the country from the arrogant and unconstitutional domination of other sections; this large and comprehensive idea of Freedom sums up the politics of THE WORLD, which will never be found wanting to this capital interest of the country and of the human race.

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1. Its Market Reports embrace the New York, Albany, Brighton and Cambridge Live Stock Markets; the New York Country Produce and General Produce Markets; special and valuable Hop Intelligence; a department of Agricultural Reading; all together composing an unrivalled handbook of current information for the Farmer, Live Stock or Produce Dealer, Country Merchant, &c.

2. A page or more reserved for entertaining Fireside Reading for the Family circle, embracing the freshest and best Stories, Poetry, Religious Reading, etc., and a page for the Discussion of all Prominent Topics of general interest, political, agricultural, financial, literary, etc.

3. Its Digest of the News is not, like most weeklies, a mere waste-basket of the Daily; only matters of interest and importance are chosen from the Daily, while the mass of its contents are prepared especially for the Weekly.

In every postoffice district there should be found some active, public spirited Democrat, who will confer a benefit upon us, his neighbors, and the cause, by counseling with his Democratic friends and making a determined effort to form as large a club as possible for the WEEKLY WORLD.

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sep 28, '66-tf